

P-15 - SEPARATION ANXIETY IN GAMBLING AND ALCOHOLISM (SAGA): STUDY DESIGN AND PRELIMINARY DATAS

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Introduction: The aim of this pilot study is to assess, in a sample of patients with chemical (alcohol) and behavioural (gambling) dependence, the specific association between core symptoms and Separation Anxiety Disorder, both in Childhood and in Adulthood.

Materials and methods: After a stabilization period of three months, outpatients with alcohol dependence (n=30), pathological gambling (n=30) and a control group of anxiety disorders (n=30) will be assessed with the following psychometric battery:

- SCI-SAS (Structured Clinical Interview for Separation Anxiety) Child and Adult
- SASI (Separation Anxiety Symptom Inventory)
- ASA-27 (Adult Separation Anxiety Questionnaire)
- TCI-R (Temperament and Character Inventory Revised)
- GAF (Global Assessment of Functioning)
- SCL-90-R (Symptom Checklist Revised)
- SOGS (South Oaks Gambling Scale)
- ADS (Alcohol Dependence Scale)
- HAM-A (Hamilton Anxiety Rating Scale)

Results: A preliminary analysis of collected data (n=33) shows a strong inter-reliability of the Separation Anxiety Scales (SCI-SAS, SASI and ASA-27) with a $p=0.001$ and an association between levels of functioning (GAF) and ASA-27 and SASI scores ($p=0.010$ and $p=0.001$).

It shows a statistical correlation between ASA-27 and TCI-R: inverse proportion with Self Directness (SD) ($p=0.004$) and direct relation with Self Transcendence (ST) ($p=0.003$).

Conclusions: Even if the sample is still limited we found an interesting trend between Separation Anxiety symptoms, TCI-R dimensions and core symptoms of dependence. We should focus better, when the study will be over, on narrow and specific sub-analysis that should lead us to a better understanding of the disorders.