

GIF NATURAL RADIOCARBON MEASUREMENTS VII

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C¹⁴ dates reported below were obtained mainly at the end of 1968 and during 1969 on archaeological and geologic samples. Techniques of measurement used are unchanged. Since 1968, 4 complete routine sets have been running, each equipped with a 1 L CO² proportional counter. One is made of stainless steel with a background of 2.70 cpm at pressure 1 atm and the others are of OFHC copper with a background of either 1.10 or 1.30 cpm for a corresponding pressure of, respectively, 1 or 2 atm. For age calculation, 95% activity of NBS oxalic acid is used as the modern standard and the value of 5570 ± 30 years is used for the half-life of C¹⁴. Dates are expressed in years B.P. (before A.D. 1950).

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I. ARCHAEOLOGIC SAMPLES

A. France

1. W France

La Hoguette, Fontenay-le-Marmion series, Calvados

Charcoal from Neolithic cairn at La Hoguette, Fontenay-le-Marmion (49° 05' 50" N Lat, 0° 22' 10" W Long), Calvados. Coll. and subm. 1968, 1969 by R. Caillaud and E. Lagnel, Caen.

Gif-1347. La Hoguette, La/41	3750 ± 120
Exterior limit of Crematorium.	1800 B.C.
Gif-1346. La Hoguette, J/42	4300 ± 120
Interior of Crematorium.	2350 B.C.
Gif-1514. La Hoguette, La/43	4720 ± 130
Carbonized log in low structure of Crematorium.	2770 B.C.
Gif-1513. La Hoguette, La/42	4800 ± 130
Carbonized log in low structure of Crematorium.	2850 B.C.
Gif-1348. La Hoguette, I/32	4820 ± 130
Hearth, outside monument.	2870 B.C.
Gif-1345. La Hoguette, P/45	5000 ± 130
Hearth under sepulchral Chamber V.	3050 B.C.

General Comment (E.L.): coherent results except for crematorium, used once only, according to the archaeologists.

Gif-1248. Vrasville, Manche **860 ± 100**
A.D. 1090

Charcoal, from remains of stone-construction, under feudal moat of the 12th century, at Vrasville (49° 42' N Lat, 1° 22' W Long), Manche. Coll. and subm. 1968 by M. de Boüard, Centre de Recherches Archéol. Médiévales, Caen. *Comment:* dates 1st occupation of site.

Gif-1315. Penvern, Saint-Servais, Finistère **1020 ± 100**
A.D. 930

Charcoal from pit, 1 m deep, near Penvern, Saint-Servais (48° 32' N Lat, 4° 12' W Long), Finistère. Coll. and subm. 1968 by P. R. Giot, Fac. Sci., Rennes. *Comment:* indicates existence of Middle Age habitation area.

Gif-1463. Fouesnant, Finistère **1250 ± 90**
A.D. 700

Charcoal from room of a passage grave on Brunec I., Fouesnant (47° 25' N Lat, 3° 59' W Long), Finistère. Coll. and subm. 1969 by C. T. Le Roux, Fac. Sci., Rennes. *Comment:* late reutilization of site.

Gif-1187. Pors-Rolland, Perros-Guirec, Côtes du Nord **1300 ± 100**
A.D. 650

Charcoal from brickwork site, Pors-Rolland, Perros-Guirec (48° 50' N Lat, 3° 29' W Long), Côtes du Nord. Coll. by M. Le Goffic and subm. 1968 by P. L. Gouletquer, Fac. Sci., Rennes. *Comment:* surface contaminated; insufficiently sheltered.

Gif-1466. Kervignac, Plussulien, Côtes du Nord **1500 ± 100**
A.D. 450

Charcoal from filling of a souterrain at Kervignac, Plussulien (48° 22' N Lat, 3° 05' W Long), Côtes du Nord. Coll. and subm. by C. T. Le Roux. *Comment:* indicates late re-use.

Gif-1304. Keradennec, Saint-Frégant, Côtes du Nord **1760 ± 100**
A.D. 190

Charcoal and ashes from praefurnium of a Gallo-Roman villa, Keradennec, Saint-Frégant (48° 34' N Lat, 4° 22' W Long), Côtes du Nord. Coll. and subm. 1968 by R. Sanquer, Fac. Lettres, Brest. *Comment:* fits well with archaeological clues: terra sigillata made by a well-known potter, Paternus, from Lezoux (A.D. 150 to 193); a sesterce of Emperor Commodus coined in A.D. 184; late 2nd century style of painting in fresco on walls of room heated by praefurnium (Sanquer and Galliou, 1970).

Gif-1186. Bel-Air, Treby, Côtes du Nord **1830 ± 100**
A.D. 120

Charcoal from Iron age souterrain, Bel-Air, Treby (48° 20' N Lat, 2° 35' W Long), Côtes du Nord (Gouletquer, 1969). Coll. and subm.

1968 by P. L. Gouletquer. *Comment*: typical early La Tène ceramics assoc.; proves slight admixture of more recent charcoal.

Gif-1190. Castellou-Péron, Saint-Jean-Trolimon, Finistère **2000 ± 100**
50 B.C.

Charcoal from Iron age souterrain, Castellou-Péron, Saint-Jean-Trolimon (47° 03' N Lat, 4° 07' W Long), Finistère. Coll. and subm. 1968 by P. L. Gouletquer. *Comment*: slightly too young, but contamination is probable; site was not sealed.

Gif-1303. Kersulvez, Pluzunet, Côtes du Nord **2210 ± 110**
260 B.C.

Charcoal from Iron age souterrain, at Pluzunet (48° 38' N Lat, 3° 22' W Long), Côtes du Nord. Coll. and subm. 1968 by P. R. Giot. *Comment*: agrees well with assoc. ceramics (Castel and Giot, 1968).

Gif-1188. Le Gouffre, Plougrescant, Côtes du Nord **2450 ± 105**
500 B.C.

Charcoal in hearth from habitation site on top of rock, Le Gouffre, Plougrescant (48° 52' N Lat, 3° 15' W Long), Côtes du Nord. Coll. and subm. 1968 by P. L. Gouletquer. *Comment*: agrees with assoc. ceramics debris.

Gif-1189. Le Frèche, Plémy, Côtes du Nord **2500 ± 105**
550 B.C.

Charcoal from Iron age souterrain, Le Frèche, Plémy (48° 20' N Lat, 2° 40' W Long), Côtes du Nord. Coll. and subm. 1968 by P. L. Gouletquer (1969). *Comment*: slightly older than assoc. ceramics of early La Tène age.

Gif-1464. Ergué-Gabéric, Saint-André, Finistère **2650 ± 110**
700 B.C.

Charcoal from grave in Middle Bronze age barrow, Ergué-Gabéric, Saint-André (48° 01' N Lat, 3° 59' W Long), Finistère. Coll. and subm. 1969 by C. T. Le Roux. *Comment*: contaminated by a younger occupation of site.

Gif-1149. Kernonen, Plouvorn, Finistère, D **3430 ± 120**
1480 B.C.

Charcoal from grave in Early Bronze age barrow, Kernonen, Plouvorn (48° 35' N Lat, 4° 03' W Long), Finistère. Coll. and subm. 1968 by J. Briard, Fac. Sci., Rennes. *Comment*: completes dates already pub. (Gif-805-807: R., 1971, v. 13, p. 214) for tumulus of 1st Breton series.

Goarem Goasven series, Berrien, Finistère

Charcoal in soil of Bronze age barrow without funeral room, an uncommon type of barrow, at Goarem Goasven, Berrien (48° 24' N Lat, 3° 47' W Long), Finistère. Coll. and subm. by J. Briard.

Gif-1313. Goarem Goasven I **3800 ± 130**
1850 B.C.

W part.

Gif-1314. Goarem Goasven II**3000 ± 130**
1050 B.C.

N part.

General Comment: Gif-1313 supposedly belongs to level anterior to barrow erection.

Gif-1462. Portsall-Kerdéniel, Ploudalmezeau, Finistère**23,000 ± 1100**
21,050 B.C.

Carbonized brushwood in fossil sand hill over an ancient shore, ca. +2 related m.s.l. (mean sea level), and covered with 6 m silty grit, Portsall-Kerdéniel, Ploudalmezeau (48° 34' N Lat, 4° 41' W Long), Finistère. Coll. and subm. 1969 by P. R. Giot. *Comment:* this date applies to dunes, but without relation to ancient shore.

Gif-1312. Trozoul, Trébeurden, Côtes du Nord**≥35,000**

Charcoal from hearth, +6 m related to m.s.l., on shingle bar fossil shore, covered with solifluction material, 3 m thick, at Trozoul, Trebeurden (48° 46' N Lat, 3° 35' W Long), Côtes du Nord. Coll. and subm. 1968 by P. R. Giot. *Comment:* probably 1st Würm interstadial or rather Riss-Würm interglacial (Giot, 1969).

Gif-1467. La Chênaie, Abbaretz, Loire Atlantique**1300 ± 100****A.D. 650**

Piece of wood, at 2.10 m under alluvium of la Chênaie R., Abbaretz (47° 33' N Lat, 1° 32' W Long), Loire Atlantique. Coll. and subm. 1969 by J. Guigues, B.R.G.M., Rennes. *Comment:* traces of works of tin placer in upper levels; 2 gold coins struck at Vannes and Nantes ca. A.D. 550-560 were found at some distance from site (Giot, 1970).

Gif-1112. Butte-aux-Pierres, Saint-Joachim, Loire Atlantique**3200 ± 120****1250 B.C.**

Charcoal, 40 cm deep, from Neolithic level with Chasseen pottery types, La Butte-aux-Pierres, Saint-Joachim (47° 23' N Lat, 2° 10' W Long), Loire Atlantique. Coll. and subm. 1967 by G. Bellancourt, Nantes. *Comment:* disagrees with archaeological clues; site is Neolithic.

ORS series, Oléron Is., Charente Maritime

Charcoal and burnt bones from "Peu Richardien" Neolithic site, on foreshore, ORS (45° 21' N Lat, 3° 31' W Long), Oléron Is., Charente Maritime. Coll. and subm. 1968 by C. Gabet, Rochefort-sur-Mer, Charente Maritime.

Gif-1329. ORS III, E 5-2**4070 ± 120****2120 B.C.****Gif-1330. ORS III, wall****4080 ± 120****2130 B.C.**

General Comment: younger than continental sites of La Garenne and Les Matignons with very similar ceramics dated 4790, 4560 and 4570

B.P. (Gif-313 and Gif-417: R., 1970, v. 12, p. 435 and Gsy-32: R., 1966, v. 8, p. 131).

Gif-1128. Grotte des Terriers, Lussac-les-Châteaux, Vienne **10,450 ± 250**
8500 B.C.

Charcoal and carbonized bones from archaeological level of Grotte des Terriers, Lussac-les-Châteaux (46° 20' N Lat, 1° 30' W Long). Coll. and subm. 1968 by G. Lwoff, Paris. *Comment*: flint implements assoc., different animals engraved on walls of cave indicate Magdalenian age.

Gif-1007. La Bachellerie, Compreignac, Haute Vienne, Co F I **1040 ± 100**
A.D. 910

Charcoal from filling of souterrain at La Bachellerie, Compreignac (46° 00' N Lat, 1° 17' E Long), Haute Vienne. Coll. and subm. 1967 by P. Saumande, Limoges, Haute Vienne. *Comment*: agrees with age of numerous sherds from souterrain.

Gif-1008. La Courrière, Saint Sulpice Laurière, Haute Vienne, Ba F I **750 ± 100**
A.D. 1200

Charcoal from filling of souterrain at La Courrière, Saint Sulpice Laurière (46° 03' N Lat, 1° 28' E Long), Haute Vienne. Coll. and subm. 1967 by P. Saumande. *Comment*: agrees with numerous sherds assoc.

2. S France

Gif-1275. Grotte des Châtaigniers, Vingrau, Pyrénées Orientales **3430 ± 120**
1480 B.C.

Burnt grain from Early Bronze age level, in sepulchral grotte des Châtaigniers, Casenove-Vingrau (42° 51' N Lat, 2° 47' E Long) (Guilaine and Abelanet, 1965). Coll. and subm. 1968 by J. Guilaine, C.N.R.S., Carcassonne. *Comment*: a 1st date of this level obtained with charcoal: 3120 B.P. (Gif-760: R., 1971, v. 13, p. 219) was considered too young and charcoal was supposedly late intrusion into level related to industry. This 2nd date fits much better with Early Bronze industry.

Gif-1088. Cuxac, Aude **1920 ± 110**
A.D. 30

Charcoal from Gallo-Roman villa, Cuxac (43° 16' N Lat, 2° 58' E Long), Aude. Coll. and subm. 1968 by P. Bouisset, Ouveillan. *Comment*: agrees well.

Gif-1359. Grotte du Hasard, Tharoux, Gard **2950 ± 130**
1000 B.C.

Charcoal from Middle Bronze age Level 2, Rm. I.G., Grotte du Hasard, Tharoux (44° 14' N Lat, 4° 19' E Long), Gard. Coll. and subm. 1969 by J. L. Roudil, Montpellier, Hérault. *Comment*: slightly too young for assoc. industry.

- Gif-1161. “Les Courondes”, Ouveillan, Aude** **3750 ± 130**
1800 B.C.
Charcoal from Chalcolithic site (Bouisset and Guilaine, 1966), “Les Courondes”, Ouveillan (43° 18' N Lat, 2° 58' E Long), Aude. Coll. and subm. by P. Bouisset. *Comment:* in expected age range.
- Gif-1093. Grotte de Resplandy, Hérault** **4050 ± 140**
2100 B.C.
Charcoal from ritual hearth from Grotte de Resplandy (43° 29' N Lat, 2° 45' E Long), Hérault. Coll. and subm. 1968 by G. Rodriguez, Underground Lab., C.N.R.S., Moulis, Ariège. *Comment:* agrees with middle Chalcolithic with typical copper awl (Rodriguez, 1968).
- Gif-1360. Grotte des Pins, Blandas, Gard** **4350 ± 130**
2400 B.C.
Charcoal in ashes, from Late Neolithic site, Grotte des Pins, Blandas (43° 54' N Lat, 3° 33' E Long), Gard. Coll. and subm. 1969 by J. L. Roudil. *Comment:* fits well with Late Neolithic industry of “Ferrière culture.”
- Gif-1274. Grotte de Gaougnas, Cabrespine, Aude** **4610 ± 140**
2660 B.C.
Charcoal from Late Neolithic level of Grotte de Gaougnas, Cabrespine (43° 21' N Lat, 2° 27' E Long), Aude. Coll. and subm. 1968 by J. Guilaine. *Comment:* agrees well with industry and ceramics.
- Gif-1273. Grotte de Gazel, Sallèles, Aude** **5950 ± 150**
4000 B.C.
Charcoal from level without ceramics just under Early Neolithic levels of Grotte de Gazel, Sallèles (43° 19' N Lat, 2° 25' E Long), Aude. Coll. and subm. 1968 by J. Guilaine. *Comment:* agrees with stratigraphy.
- Grotte de Camprafaud series, Ferrière-Poussarou, Hérault**
Grotte de Camprafaud is one of numerous cavities in Devonian dolomite, all occupied by prehistoric men, in N W Hérault. Grotte de Camprafaud, Ferrière-Poussarou (43° 26' N Lat, 2° 54' E Long) showed a continuous stratigraphy, from Late Bronze to Early Neolithic age. Charcoal coll. and subm. 1967-1969 by G. Rodriguez.
- Gif-1091. Camprafaud, Level 3** **3080 ± 110**
1130 B.C.
Comment: disagrees with Early Bronze age industry assoc.
- Gif-1092. Camprafaud, Level 6** **3920 ± 135**
1970 B.C.
- Gif-1156. Camprafaud, Level 9** **4300 ± 140**
2350 B.C.
Comment: presence of 2 copper slags.

	4350 ± 140
Gif-1157. Camprafaud, Level 10	2400 B.C.
<i>Comment:</i> typical Neolithic of region, different from Mediterranean Neolithic.	
	4900 ± 130
Gif-1484. Camprafaud, Level 12	2950 B.C.
Last level of middle Neolithic period (Chassean).	
	5100 ± 130
Gif-1485. Camprafaud, Level 13	3150 B.C.
Middle Neolithic period.	
	5450 ± 130
Gif-1486. Camprafaud, Level 14	3500 B.C.
First level of Early Languedocian Neolithic.	
	5300 ± 130
Gif-1487. Camprafaud, Level 15	3350 B.C.
Early Languedocian Neolithic.	
	5900 ± 140
Gif-1488. Camprafaud, Level 16	3950 B.C.
Middle level of Early Languedocian Neolithic.	
	5900 ± 140
Gif-1489. Camprafaud, Level 17	3950 B.C.
Similar to Gif-1488.	
	5800 ± 140
Gif-1490. Camprafaud, Level 18	3850 B.C.
Similar to Gif-1489.	
	6300 ± 140
Gif-1491. Camprafaud, Level 19	4350 B.C.
Early Cardial Neolithic. <i>Comment:</i> corresponds to arrival of 1st Neolithic people in region.	
<i>General Comment:</i> Levels 9 and 10 date an important and brutal transference of population shown by disappearance of Chassean industry. It seems to correspond to moist, torrential climatic phase.	
Grotte des Sarrazins series, Seyssinet-Pariset, Isère	
Grotte des Sarrazins (45° 23' N Lat, 5° 40' E Long), Seyssinet-Pariset, near Grenoble, Isère, is a large rock shelter, with 3 m habitation soils, uninterrupted from Gallo-Roman to Chalcolithic ages. Charcoal coll. and subm. 1968 by A. Bocquet, Grenoble.	
	2500 ± 105
Gif-1201. Grotte des Sarrazins, SAR 4	550 B.C.
Assoc. with Hallstatt C ceramics.	
	2980 ± 105
Gif-1202. Grotte des Sarrazins, SAR 7	1030 B.C.
Assoc. with Late Bronze age II ceramics.	

Gif-1203. Grotte des Sarrazins, SAR 19 **3320 ± 110**
1370 B.C.
 Assoc. with Late Bronze age I to Early Middle Bronze age ceramics.

Gif-1204. Grotte des Sarrazins, SAR 28 **3900 ± 120**
1950 B.C.
 Assoc. with Early Chalcolithic age ceramics.

General Comment: in spite of remote situation of site from proto-historic currents, it appears that all material fits well with archaeological context of E France (Bocquet and Papet, 1966). Coherent with results obtained by Lyon Radiocarbon Lab. for same site (R., 1971, v. 13, p. 55-56).

Baudinard series, Var

Charcoal from Grotte de l'Eglise supérieure, with 7 Neolithic levels, all belonging to Chassean, Baudinard (43° 45' N Lat, 6° 15' E Long), Var. Coll. and subm. 1968-1970 by J. Courtin, C.N.R.S., Marseille.

Gif-1332. Grotte de l'Eglise supérieure, **4200 ± 130**
Level 5 **2250 B.C.**
 Late Chassean with Chalcolithic rudiments.

Gif-1331. Grotte de l'Eglise supérieure, **4500 ± 130**
Level 3 **2550 B.C.**
 Late Chassean with Chalcolithic rudiments.

Gif-1621. Grotte C **4800 ± 140**
2850 B.C.
 Middle Chassean.

Gif-1333. Grotte de l'Eglise supérieure, **5500 ± 140**
Level 8A **3550 B.C.**
 Early Chassean.

Gif-1334. Grotte de l'Eglise supérieure, Level 8B **5760 ± 140**
3810 B.C.
 Base level with Early Chassean.

General Comment: places evolution of Chassean in Provence (Courtin, 1968, 1970).

Gif-1111. "Abri du Capitaine", Sainte-Croix-de- **6050 ± 150**
Verdon, Basses-Alpes **4100 B.C.**

Charcoal from Level 18 separated from upper and low levels by sterile layers in rock shelter, "Abri du Capitaine", Sainte-Croix-de-Verdon (43° 45' N Lat, 6° 10' E Long), Basses-Alpes. Coll. and subm. 1967 by J. Courtin. *Comment:* agrees with Cardial type Early Neolithic industry. A chalcolithic level was dated 4100 B.P. (Gif-704, R., 1970, v. 12, p. 427).

3. S W France

- 740 ± 90**
- Gif-1224. Faycelles, Lot** **A.D. 1210**
 Human jaw from site of ancient lazar house, at bottom of cave in hillside, Faycelles (44° 34' N Lat, 1° 59' E Long), Lot. Coll. and subm. 1968 by G. Delbos, Caussade, Lot. *Comment*: locates previously known but unlocated ancient lazar house.
- 2730 ± 110**
- Gif-1328. Grotte de la Fée, Thémînes, Lot** **780 B.C.**
 Burnt grain, corn and barley, from hearth of furnace in Level F 3 of Grotte de la Fée (44° 45' N Lat, 1° 48' E Long), Thémînes, Lot. Coll. and subm. 1969 by M. Lorblanchet, C.N.R.S., Thémînes, Lot. *Comment*: Early Iron age.
- Les Barbilloux series, Dordogne**
 Charcoal from Neolithic ossuary in cave, Les Barbilloux, Saint-Aquilin (45° 11' N Lat, 0° 30' E Long), Dordogne. Coll. and subm. 1967 by G. Camps, Fac. Lettres, Aix-en-Provence.
- Gif-1086. Les Barbilloux, B A R 1** **Modern**
- 3680 ± 130**
- Gif-1087. Les Barbilloux, B A R 5** **1730 B.C.**
Comment: corresponds to Early Bronze age, as expected.
- Grotte du Noyer series, Esclauzels, Lot**
 Charcoal from Grotte du Noyer, Esclauzels (44° 27' N Lat, 1° 36' W Long), Lot. Coll. 1966 and subm. 1969 by J. Clottes, Montgauzy, Ariège.
- 3040 ± 110**
- Gif-1160. Grotte du Noyer, II** **1090 B.C.**
 Bottom of Level 2, of so-called civilization of "Champs d'Urnes".
- 3150 ± 110**
- Gif-1631. Grotte du Noyer, A D 8** **1200 B.C.**
 Hearth in Level 2; archaeological clue of a new typical civilization of Middle Bronze age in region.
- 3250 ± 110**
- Gif-1159. Grotte du Noyer, I** **1300 B.C.**
 Charcoal and grain in unbroken vase, Level 3, of Middle Bronze age.
- 4820 ± 130**
- Gif-1632. Grotte du Noyer, A E 7-8** **2870 B.C.**
 Level 4 of Early Bronze age. *Comment*: slightly too old for a level containing copper: possibly contaminated from lower levels by gnawing.

Gif-1634. Grotte du Noyer, A E 7 **3840 ± 120**
1890 B.C.
 Hearth 7. *Comment:* probable intrusion from upper level into Late Chassean level.

Gif-1633. Grotte du Noyer, A E 8 **5000 ± 130**
3050 B.C.
 Level 5, Chassean Neolithic age.

Gif-1635. Grotte du Noyer, A T C I **5050 ± 130**
3100 B.C.
 Level 5, well separated from Middle Bronze age by sterile level; assoc. with incinerated human bones.
General Comment: coherent with site stratigraphy according to archaeological clues.

Grotte des Eglises series, Ussat, Ariège

Charcoal from Late Magdalenean site of Grotte des Eglises, Ussat (42° 49' N Lat, 1° 37' E Long), Ariège. Coll. and subm. 1967-1969 by P. Renault, C.N.R.S., Moulis, Ariège.

Gif-1158. Grotte des Eglises, I **4750 ± 300**
2800 B.C.
Comment: disagreement with assoc. flints.

Gif-1434. Grotte des Eglises, 2 **11,800 ± 500**
9850 B.C.
Comment: inert carbon added for measurement. Correct date, agrees with archaeological data.

Gif-1354. Carbon, Varilhes, Ariège, F.C.I. **4000 ± 120**
2050 B.C.
 Charcoal from habitation site in open air, in Ariège Valley, Carbon, Varilhes (43° 03' N Lat, 1° 38' E Long), Ariège (Simonnet, 1970). Coll. and subm. 1969 by R. Simonnet, Foix. *Comment:* corresponds to Early Bronze age.

4. Central France

Gif-1225. Le Razat, Laqueuille, Puy-de-Dôme **400 ± 90**
A.D. 1550
 Charcoal from hearth, from site of several hundred huts dug from altered basalt flow, alt.: 1100 m, on Mt. Le Razat, Laqueuille (45° 38' 00" N Lat, 2° 44' 40" E Long), Puy-de-Dôme. Coll. and subm. 1968 by S. Paul, Fac. Sci., Orsay.

Montbani series, Mont-Notre-Dame, Aisne

Montbani site, Mont-Notre-Dame (49° 16' 30" N Lat, 1° 14' 40" E Long), Aisne, is workshop or encampment with well-defined stratigraphy. Coll. and subm. 1967-1968 by R. Parent, La Fère-en-Tardenois, Aisne.

Gif-355. Montbani, 2 **7280 ± 350**
5330 B.C.
Hazel nut shells, 0.90 m deep, overlying Tardenoisian level.

Gif-1106. Montbani, 3 **6930 ± 170**
4980 B.C.
Charcoal from small hearths, 30 to 40 cm under Iron-age level.
Comment: supposedly from Tardenoisian level; either contaminated by upper charcoal or belongs to same level as Gif-355.

Gif-356. Montbani, 1 **8060 ± 350**
6110 B.C.
Charcoal from hearth, 1.20 m deep, lying on basal crushed stone.
Comment: dates Tardenoisian.

Coincy series, Aisne

La Sablonnière de Coincy (49° 10' N Lat, 1° 57' E Long) is Tardenoisian workshop, rich in artifacts of predominantly triangular forms. Coll. and subm. by R. Parent.

Gif-1107. Coincy I **4760 ± 140**
2810 B.C.
Charcoal under Neolithic and Iron-age levels, 45 cm thick. *Comment:* supposed Tardenoisian level. Either contaminated by upper charcoal or belongs to lower Neolithic level.

Gif-1266. Coincy 2 **8190 ± 190**
6240 B.C.
Charcoal from hearth at bottom of Tardenoisian level, protected by clayey level, without charcoal in upper level.
General Comment: same date for deepest level at Montbani and Coincy, which are very close together and typologically similar. Pollen analysis disagrees, probably due to pollen infiltration in sandy material, in both places. Best results are obtained, in both cases, for hearths protected by clayey levels.

Gif-1090. Clair Bois, Bressey, Côte d'Or **2000 ± 100**
50 B.C.
Charcoal from incineration in barrow at Clair Bois farm, Bressey (47° 18' N Lat, 5° 11' E Long), Côte d'Or. Coll. and subm. 1967 by R. Ratel, Fac. Sci., Dijon. *Comment:* disagrees with Late Hallstatt sepulchres.

Gif-1109. Chaume-Les-Baigneux, Côte d'Or **2500 ± 110**
550 B.C.
Charcoal from incineration in barrow at Chaume-Les-Baigneux (47° 38' N Lat, 4° 34' E Long), Côte d'Or. Coll. and subm. 1967 by R. Ratel. *Comment:* sepulchres from Late Bronze-Early Hallstatt period; agrees well.

1740 ± 100

Gif-1108. Chantrans, Doubs **A.D. 210**

Human bones, 0.20 to 0.40 m deep, Chantrans (47° 18' N Lat, 2° 48' E Long), Doubs. Coll. and subm. 1967 by A. Gauthier, Besançon. *Comment*: related to some Gallo-Roman vestiges around Chantrans.

1880 ± 100

Gif-1253. Niderbronn-des-Bains, Bas-Rhin **A.D. 70**

Charcoal, 70 cm depth, at foot of rock decorated with concentric circles, Niderbronn-des-Bains, Wintersberg Cliff (48° 58' 30" N Lat, 7° 36' 30" E Long), Bas-Rhin. Coll. and subm. 1968 by C. Lenoble, Strasbourg, Bas-Rhin. *Comment*: brings no interesting information on engravings.

B. North Africa

Gif-890. Djorf Torba, Saoura, D J, T 4, Algeria **Modern**

Charcoal from lower level of Rooms-barrow 28, Djorf Torba, Saoura (31° 30' N Lat, 2° 30' W Long). Coll. and subm. 1967 by G. Camps. *Comment*: expected age 1700 B.P.

540 ± 100

Gif-1120. El Mermouta, Ouled Djellal, Algeria **A.D. 1410**

Charred bone in 30 cm ashy level of Upper Capsian, El Mermouta (34° 35' N Lat, 5° 21' E Long), Ouled Djellal. Coll. and subm. 1967 by G. Camps. *Comment*: either a recent bone was introduced into this superficial layer or date obtained from total carbon bone is wrong.

Guettara Wadi series, Bredea, Oran, Algeria

Charcoal from burial cave of Guettara Wadi, Bredea (35° 36' N Lat, 1° 10' W Long), Oran. Site of Neolithic facies of Oran dist. with sepulchres of Mechta el Arbi type. Coll. and subm. 1967 by G. Camps.

550 ± 95

Gif-881. Guettara, O E G I **A.D. 1400**

25 to 45 cm depth. *Comment*: Neolithic ceramics assoc.; probably polluted by burrowing animals.

10,190 ± 230
8240 B.C.

Gif-882. Guettara, O E G 2

90 to 100 cm depth. *Comment*: pre-Neolithic industry, without ceramics, corresponds to Late Iberomaursian period.

5850 ± 150
3900 B.C.

Gif-883. Station du Meandre, Brezina, Algeria

Charcoal in archaeological layer at foot of rupestral paintings, Sta. du Meandre (33° 06' N Lat, 1° 15' E Long), Brezina. Coll. and subm. by G. Camps. *Comment*: confirms attribution of these paintings to Neolithic of Capsian tradition.

- 6970 ± 170**
- Gif-884. Safiet Bou Rhenan, Medea, Algeria** **5020 B.C.**
Charcoal in typical Neolithic site with ceramics in ashy sand, Safiet Bou Rhenan (34° 23' N Lat, 3° 27' E Long), Medea. *Comment*: oldest date known for Neolithic with ceramics. Confirms opinion that Neolithic appeared earlier in Saharian region than in N of Atlas.
- Medjez II series, El-Eulma, Algeria**
Medjez II, near El-Eulma town (36° 08' N Lat, 5° 40' E Long), Algeria, is a snail-shell heap, ("escargotière") of Upper Capsian, with 3.65 m archaeological layer. Stratigraphy established through evolution of lithic industry: upper part is characterized by presence of geometric microliths and numerous slotted tools; in lower part, size and number of large tools increase with depth. Coll. and subm. 1967 by G. Camps.
- 7680 ± 500**
- Gif-885. Medjez, M J Z, II, 3** **5730 B.C.**
Hearth, depth 0.90 m. *Comment*: diluted with inert carbon.
- 7900 ± 180**
- Gif-886. Medjez, M J Z II, 4** **5950 B.C.**
Depth 0.73 to 1.00 m.
- 8270 ± 185**
- Gif-887. Medjez, M J Z II, 5** **6320 B.C.**
Depth 1.00 to 1.30 m.
- 7780 ± 180**
- Gif-888. Medjez, M J Z II, 6** **5830 B.C.**
Depth 1.30 to 1.80 m.
- 8480 ± 300**
- Gif-889. Medjez, M J Z II, 7** **6530 B.C.**
Depth 2.30 to 3.20 m. *Comment*: diluted with inert carbon.
- General Comment*: upper level dated 6620 B.P. by Gif-462 (R., 1970, v. 12, p. 436). Very coherent, but Gif-888 similar to MC-214: 7200 B.P. for 1.80 to 1.90 m (R., 1969, v. 11, p. 124). Shows evolution of Setif facies of Upper Capsian during 1000 yr. Gif-889 oldest date known for this civilization.
- Ain Naga series, Algeria**
Charcoal from Ain Naga (34° 21' N Lat, 3° 29' E Long), Messad, Titteri Dept. Coll. and subm. 1968 by G. Camps.
- 7500 ± 220**
- Gif-1221. Ain Naga, A N G 3** **5550 B.C.**
Lower part of Neolithic level. *Comment*: diluted with inert carbon.
- 9170 ± 200**
- Gif-1220. Ain Naga, A N G 2** **7220 B.C.**
Upper Capsian level.
- General Comment*: both dates are somewhat too old.

Gif-879. Koudiat Kifen Lahda, Constantine, Algeria **8540 ± 200**
6590 B.C.

Charcoal from lower level of snail shell deposit, Koudiat Kifen Lahda, Ain M' Lila (36° 02' N Lat, 6° 30' E Long), Constantine. Coll. and subm. 1967 by G. Camps. *Comment*: dates a microlithic industry prior to Upper Capsian. Similar to MC-207: 8320 B.P. (R., 1969, v. 11, p. 125).

Gif-880. El Hadjar, Oasis, Algeria **7300 ± 170**
5350 B.C.

Charcoal, 1 m deep in sand, El Hadjar, Oasis (31° 27' N Lat, 4° 45' E Long). Coll. and subm. by G. Camps. *Comment*: assoc. with epipaleolithic industry with lamella different from Iberomaurusian and Capsian industries.

Gif-1222. Amekni, Oasis, A M K 4, Algeria **6800 ± 220**
4850 B.C.

Charcoal from open-air site of Amekni, 60 to 90 cm depth, 40 km N.W. Tamanrasset, Oasis (22° 55' N Lat, 5° 15' E Long). Coll. and subm. by G. Camps. *Comment*: complex site which also includes Neolithic of Sudanese tradition, dated 8050 B.P. by UW-87 (unpub.) and MC-212 (R., 1969, v. 11, p. 127).

Gif-1195. Hassi-Mouillah, Ouargla, Oasis, Algeria **7650 ± 170**
5700 B.C.

Charcoal from level F I, including Neolithic of Capsian tradition with stamped ceramics (Marmier and Trecolle, 1968), Hassi-Mouillah (32° 08' N Lat, 5° 07' E Long), Oasis dist. Coll. and subm. 1968, by G. Trecolle, Ouargla. *Comment*: lower level dated 8600 B.P., MC-150 (R., 1969, v. 11, p. 126). All these dates are classified and commented upon in Camps *et al.* (1968).

Gif-1316. Enneri Dirennao, N.E. Bardai, Tibesti **1570 ± 100**
A.D. 380

Charcoal in rock shelter, Enneri Dirennao, N.E. Bardai (21° 21' N Lat, 16° 56' E Long), Tibesti. Coll. and subm. 1968 by K. Kaiser. *Comment*: Neolithic age was expected.

Zouar series, Tibesti, Tchad

Charcoal, under sand hill in rock shelter, 18 km W Zouar, Tibesti (20° 25' N Lat, 16° 23' E Long), Tchad. Coll. and subm. 1967 by K. Kaiser.

Gif-1126. Zouar 9 **Modern**
30 cm depth.

Gif-1318. Zouar 12 f **750 ± 90**
A.D. 1200
120 to 125 cm depth.

General Comment: rock shelters may have been inhabited very recently; sand accumulation by wind is very rapid.

Zouar series, N Chad

Samples from Zouar region, Tibesti (20° 29' N Lat, 16° 35' E Long), N Chad. Coll. and subm. 1968 by J. P. Roset, O.R.S.T.O.M., Fort-Lamy.

Gif-1181. Zouar, 1 **1330 ± 100**
A.D. 620
Charcoal from pre-Islamic sepulchre with incineration.

Gif-1182. Zouar, 2 **5550 ± 150**
3600 B.C.
Charcoal from ashy level, 20 to 30 cm deep, in Neolithic site. *Comment*: assoc. obsidian industry is typical for Zouar region.

Gif-1183. Zouar, 3 **3375 ± 120**
1425 B.C.
Human bones, 1.40 m deep, in one of many sepulchres of Sahara. *Comment*: usually attributed to beginning of Christian era. *General Comment*: diversity of ages for these vestiges from small area in Sahara. Fills in hiatus between Neolithic and protohistoric ages for that region.

Chad series, République Centre-Afrique

Charcoal from 3 Sao sites in Chad. Continuation of study begun in 1948 by J. P. and A. M. D. Lebeuf (R., 1970, v. 12, p. 438). Coll. and subm. 1966 to 1969 by J. P. and A. M. D. Lebeuf, Lab. d'Ethnol. et d'Archeol. Tchadiennes et Camerounaises, Paris and Inst. Nat. Tchadien Sci. Hum., Fort-Lamy.

Gif-740. Mdaga IV, 3.20 m depth **910 ± 100**
A.D. 1040
(12° 12' 45" N Lat, 15° 3' 30" E Long)

Gif-741. Mdaga IV, 4.20 m depth **1260 ± 100**
A.D. 690
(12° 12' 45" N Lat, 15° 3' 30" E Long)

Gif-742. Mdaga IV, 4.90 m depth **2375 ± 150**
425 B.C.
(12° 12' 45" N Lat, 15° 3' 30" E Long)

Gif-1171. Mdaga XII, A, 3.80 m depth **750 ± 95**
A.D. 1200
(12° 12' 45" N Lat, 15° 3' 30" E Long)

Gif-1172. Mdaga XII, B, 3.80 m depth **680 ± 95**
A.D. 1270
(12° 12' 45" N Lat, 15° 3' 30" E Long)

Gif-1367. Mdaga VIII, 0.90 m depth **170 ± 90**
A.D. 1780
(12° 12' 45" N Lat, 15° 3' 30" E Long) *Comment*: coherent with results obtained by Dakar C¹⁴ Lab. for same site (Lebeuf, 1969).

Gif-1365. Gawi I, A 19, 1.20 to 1.50 m depth in sepulchre (12° 10' 30" N Lat, 15° 09' 15" E Long)	150 ± 90 A.D. 1800
Gif-1364. Gawi I, A 18, 2.00 m depth (12° 10' 30" N Lat, 15° 09' 15" E Long)	860 ± 90 A.D. 1090
Gif-1369. Amkoundjo II, 1.70 m depth (12° 21' 15" N Lat, 15° 02' 20" E Long)	2100 ± 100 150 B.C.
Gif-1371. Amkoundjo II, 2.60 m depth (12° 21' 15" N Lat, 15° 02' 20" E Long)	2050 ± 100 100 B.C.
Gif-1370. Amkoundjo I, 1.80 m depth (12° 21' 15" N Lat, 15° 02' 20" E Long)	2300 ± 100 350 B.C.

General Comment: oldest date for a tchadien site, *i.e.*, 425 B.C. (Gif-742, Mdaga) corresponds to oldest date, 450 B.C., for Sao site of Daimo, Nigeria. Despite some resemblance between industries there is no real basis for comparison of archaeological discoveries in these regions (J.P.L.).

Gif-1282. Lemdena, Akjoujt, Mauritania Modern

Charcoal in hearth from ancient brass-foundry, at Lemdena, 60 km S S W Akjoujt, Mauritania (19° 19' N Lat, 14° 30' W Long). Coll. and subm. 1969 by N. Lambert, Athens, Greece. *Comment:* charcoal from recent hearth, no relation to archaeological site.

“Grotte aux Chauves-Souris” series, Akjoujt, Mauritania

Grotte aux Chauves-Souris is not a cave but a series of excavations in N flank of Guelb Moghreïn (19° 45' N Lat, 14° 25' W Long), remains of important copper mine, with indications of ore treatment on the spot. Filling is made of alternated levels of rubble stones, broken copper ore, charcoal, slag, and ashes. Charcoal coll. and subm. 1968-1970 by N. Lambert.

Gif-1284. Grotte aux Chauves-Souris, I, A I-2 0.60 m depth.	2350 ± 110 400 B.C.
Gif-1285. Grotte aux Chauves-Souris, I, A I-1 1.90 m depth.	2400 ± 110 450 B.C.
Gif-1286. Grotte aux Chauves-Souris, 3 B S II-9 1.60 to 1.85 m depth	2360 ± 110 410 B.C.
Gif-1287. Grotte aux Chauves-Souris, 3, A S I-9 1.60 to 1.85 m depth.	2430 ± 110 480 B.C.

Gif-1822.	Grotte aux Chauves-Souris, 1, 111	2460 ± 100
	7 m depth.	510 B.C.
Gif-1823.	Grotte aux Chauves-Souris, 1, 112	2700 ± 100
	8 m depth.	750 B.C.
Gif-1824.	Grotte aux Chauves-Souris, 1, 115	2500 ± 100
	8 m depth.	550 B.C.
Gif-1825.	Grotte aux Chauves-Souris, 1, 116	2460 ± 100
	10 m depth.	510 B.C.

General Comment: dates agree well, except for Gif-1823. Important quantity of wood used for ore treatment suggests vegetation now non-existent in this desert region.

Niani series, Guinea

Charcoal from ruins of Niani (11° 22' N Lat, 8° 23' W Long), Guinea. Coll. 1968 by W. Filipowiak and subm. 1968, 1971 by R. Mauny, Fac. Lettres et Sci. Humaines, Paris.

Gif-1291.	Niani, 5	1400 ± 100
		A.D. 550
Gif-1915.	Niani, 8	300 ± 90
		A.D. 1650
Gif-1916.	Niani, 10	1020 ± 90
		A.D. 930
Gif-1292.	Niani, 13	1200 ± 100
		A.D. 750

General Comment: doubt remains whether site was capital of Medieval Empire of Mali; dates are either older or younger than those for this hypothesis (Filipowiak, 1968).

Gif-1361.	Saqqarah, Egypt	3000 ± 110
		1050 B.C.

Wood from sarcophagus in royal tomb of III dynasty, Saqqarah (29° 51' N Lat, 31° 14' E Long), Egypt. Coll. and subm. 1969 by J. P. Lauer, Paris. *Comment:* according to authors, IIIrd dynasty, at beginning of Ancient Empire, is estimated at either 28th century B.C. or 27th century B.C.; ca. 1500 yr difference is unexplained but, interestingly, wood is badly conserved.

C. Latin America

Temple of Sechin series, Casma, Peru

Samples from mummy from Temple of Sechin (9° 30' S Lat, 78° 18' W Long), Casma, Peru. Subm. 1968 by J. V. Macchiavello, Patronato Arqueol., Casma, Peru.

Gif-1081. Temple of Sechin 1	420 ± 90
Cloth.	A.D. 1530
Gif-1082. Temple of Sechin 2	760 ± 90
Charcoal.	A.D. 1190
Gif-1083. Temple of Sechin 3	660 ± 90
Straw.	A.D. 1290

General Comment: temple is younger than Chavin culture.

Los Naranjos series, Honduras

Los Naranjos (16° 00' N Lat, 88° 33' W Long) is important archaeological site of N W Honduras, 100 km N E ceremonial Mayan center of Capan. Comparison of ceramics of this site with Mayan area has enabled a determination of 4 cultural phases: Jaral, Eden, Yojoa, Rio Blanco. Charcoal coll. by C. F. Baudez and subm. 1967-1969 by P. Becquelin, C.N.R.S., Mus. de l'Homme, Paris.

Gif-1472. Los Naranjos, 811	1530 ± 100
Hearth of habitation site, 1.70 m depth. Yojoa phase.	A.D. 420
Gif-1474. Los Naranjos, 819	1500 ± 100
Habitation soil, 2.20 to 2.40 m depth. Yojoa phase.	A.D. 450
Gif-1326. Los Naranjos, 480	1260 ± 90
Soil of ceremonial place. Yojoa phase.	A.D. 690
Gif-1473. Los Naranjos, 812	1700 ± 100
Habitation soil, 2.20 to 2.30 m depth; 2nd part of Eden phase.	A.D. 250
Gif-1324. Los Naranjos, 152	1850 ± 100
Habitation soil, 2nd part of Eden phase.	A.D. 100
Gif-1475. Los Naranjos, 1304	2700 ± 110
Habitation soil, 4.50 to 4.70 m depth. <i>Comment:</i> probably remains of hearth of Jaral phase reworked into Eden phase level.	750 B.C.
Gif-1325. Los Naranjos, 325	3680 ± 100
Natural burning level under 1st occupation level of site corresponding to Jaral phase.	1730 B.C.
<i>General Comment:</i> corresponds to estimated chronology.	

- 660 ± 90**
- Gif-1205. Ranchillos, San Juan, Argentina, 78** **A.D. 1290**
 Wood of branches from bottom of "Cassa-Pozo", 90 cm depth, Ranchillos (32° 05' S Lat, 68° 06' W Long), Prov. San Juan, Argentina (Gonzalez, 1967). Coll. and subm. 1968 by A. R. Gonzalez, Fac. Sci., La Plata. *Comment*: assoc. with poor industry, no ceramics.
- 1560 ± 100**
- Gif-1206. Costa de Reyes, Tinogasta, Catamarca, Argentina** **A.D. 390**
 Wood from habitation level, from Excavation 1, Costa de Reyes (27° 04' S Lat, 68° 01' W Long), Tinogasta, Prov. Catamarca, Argentina. Coll. 1964 and subm. 1968 by A. R. Gonzalez. *Comment*: 1st known culture with ceramics in Valla de Abancan, N W Argentina (Bennett *et al.*, 1948).
- 11,000 ± 250**
- Gif-1265. San Vicente de Tagua-Tagua, 4, Chile** **9050 B.C.**
 Charcoal, 2.35 m depth in lacustrine deposit on terrace, San Vicente, on Tagua-Tagua lagoon (34° 30' S Lat, 71° 06' W Long). Coll. 1967 by Montané and subm. 1968 by A. Empeaire, Ecole Pratique Hautes Etudes, Sorbonne. *Comment*: 1st S American site with human industries assoc. with mastodon.
- Ponsomby series, Chile**
 Site of Ponsomby lies on Fitz Roy passage in Skyring sea, Ponsomby (52° 10' S Lat, 71° 28' W Long), Riesco I. Complicated stratigraphy corresponds to series of terraces and peat bogs related to level variations of inner Skyring-Otway seas complex (Laming, 1968). Samples coll. 1952-1953 by J. Empeaire and subm. 1967 by A. Empeaire.
- 3700 ± 130**
- Gif-1050. Ponsomby P B Y 53, A inferior** **1750 B.C.**
 Shell from deposit, at foot of clay cliff. *Comment*: industry similar to historic wandering fishermen.
- 3720 ± 130**
- Gif-1049. Ponsomby P B Y 53, B** **1770 B.C.**
 Charcoal under Hearth B, from archaeological level on terrace +4 m, in loess deposit. *Comment*: industry similar to that of inland pampas; may come from upper terrace which is very eroded.
- 5520 ± 140**
- Gif-1052. Ponsomby P B Y 53, D, 53** **3570 B.C.**
 Wood from tree trunks in sand.
- 6370 ± 160**
- Gif-1048. Ponsomby P B Y 3, D, 100** **4420 B.C.**
 Charcoal under lacustrine silt, lying on sand with tree trunks. *Comment*: assoc. fauna essentially terrestrial. Lithic industry related to those of interior inland pampas. First traces of human occupation by hunters.

- Gif-1051. Ponsomby P B Y 3, 52** **7610 ± 170**
5660 B.C.
 Vegetal debris from peat bog, just under Gif-1048. *Comment:* upper level of peat bog dated 6500 B.P. (Sa-47: R., 1964, v. 6, p. 243).

Marassi series, S Chile

Charcoal from rock shelter constituted by big erratic block, at Marassi (53° 30' S Lat, 69° 30' W Long), S coast of Bahia Inutil, Strait of Magellan, Tierra del Fuego. Coll. and subm. 1965 by A. Empeiraire.

- Gif-1033. Marassi I, 4542** **5570 ± 400**
3620 B.C.
 Hearth D, Level 4, surface. *Comment:* diluted with inert carbon.

- Gif-1034. Marassi I, 4541** **9590 ± 210**
7640 B.C.
 Charcoal debris dispersed in base level.

General Comment: 1st site found under rock shelter in Tierra del Fuego, dates probably most ancient appearance of man.

Bahia Munición 3 series, S Chile

Charcoal from different levels of Munición 3 site, on continental coast of strait of Magellan (52° 30' S Lat, 70° 30' W Long), in consolidated sand hill 5 m thick. Thirteen archaeological levels were distinguished, separated by sterile levels. Site is very important because it is the only one in this strongly eroded region. Coll. and subm. 1967 by A. Empeiraire.

- Gif-1035. Bahia Munición 3, 4242** **290 ± 90**
A.D. 1660
 Hearth from Level 2.

- Gif-1036. Bahia Munición 3, 4241** **250 ± 90**
A.D. 1700
 Level 3.

- Gif-1037. Bahia Munición 3, 4245** **740 ± 110**
A.D. 1210
 Level 4.

- Gif-1038. Bahia Munición 3, 4255** **800 ± 100**
A.D. 1150
 Level 5.

- Gif-1039. Bahia Munición 3, 4273** **1680 ± 140**
A.D. 270
 Level 6.

- Gif-1042. Bahia Munición 3, 4299** **1990 ± 110**
40 B.C.
 Level 9.

Gif-1043. Bahia Municipio 3, 4326 **3200 ± 450**
1250 B.C.
 Base Level II.

Gif-1040. Bahia Municipio 3, 4268 **530 ± 100**
A.D. 1420
 Level 7.

Gif-1041. Bahia Municipio 3, 4269 **550 ± 100**
A.D. 1400
 Level 8.

General Comment: Levels 7 and 8 probably correspond to recent settlement at foot of sand hill. Base level dates period of forest, *i.e.*, thermal optimum.

D. Other Countries

Gif-1349. Venice, Italy **1500 ± 100**
A.D. 450

Wood from stake, 3 m long, from silt of Venice Lagoon, Torcello I. (45° 26' N Lat, 12° 20' E Long), Italy. Subm. 1969 by V. Romanovsky, Centre de Recherches et d'Etudes Océanog., Paris.

Gif-1272. Magapit Bridge, Cagayan Valley, Philippines **3550 ± 110**
1600 B.C.

Cardium in archaeological site, presently +40 m N of Cagayan Valley, N Luzon, Magapit Bridge (18° 08' N Lat, 121° 42' E Long), Philippines. Coll. and subm. 1968 by F. Delany, B.R.G.M., Paris. Site contains *in situ* red ceramics without decoration, polished stone tools and mollusk shells. *Comment:* dates Late Neolithic period in Philippines, before Chinese influence.

Phnom Laang series, Kampot Prov., Cambodia

Caves with Neolithic artifacts in calcareous hill, 125 km E Phnom Penh-Kampot, Phnom Laang (10° 43' N Lat, 104° 20' E Long), Kampot Prov., Cambodia. Coll. and subm. 1967 by J. P. Carbonnel, Fac. Sci., Paris.

Gif-873. Phnom Laang, Cave 57 **500 ± 90**
A.D. 1450

River shells from upper archaeological level in Cave 57. *Comment:* assoc. with bony tools and human bones. Cave still presently occupied by men, a fact which may explain recent inclusion of dated shells into prehistoric level.

Gif-1167. Phnom Laang, Cave 62 bis **4370 ± 140**
2420 B.C.

Bone tool remains in brown silty ground of Cave 62 bis. *Comment:* bone collagen dated.

Gif-1447. Chamcar Andong, Cambodia **1150 ± 100**
A.D. 800

Straw debris in potsherds, in Neolithic site Chamcar Andong (12° 22' N Lat, 105° 12' E Long), Kompong Cham Prov., Cambodia. Coll. and subm. 1969 by J. P. Carbonnel. *Comment:* shows Neolithic persistence in isolated place till Kmer period.

Gif-1448. Chup, Cambodia **2130 ± 100**
180 B.C.

Straw debris in potsherds from Neolithic site, at Chup (12° 00' N Lat, 105° 37' E Long), Kompong Cham Prov., Cambodia. Coll. and subm. 1969 by J. P. Carbonnel. *Comment:* same as for Gif-1447.

Gif-1057. Samrong Sen, Cambodia **3230 ± 120**
1280 B.C.

River shells (*Corbicula* and *Paludina*), 1.50 m deep in large kitchen midden (350 m long, 200 m wide, 5 m thick), on Samrong village (12° 21' N Lat, 104° 50' E Long), Kompong Chhnang Prov., Cambodia. Exploited till recently for lime production. Coll. and subm. 1967 by J. P. Carbonnel. *Comment:* abundant potsherd remains assoc.; according to Mansuy (1923) presence of bronze; hence, expected age was ca. 300 B.C. (Carbonnel and Delibrias, 1968). Beginning of occupation of this site is much older because kitchen midden base level is 3.5 m deeper.

Gif-872. Phnom Kbal Romeas, 515, Cambodia **5370 ± 140**
3420 B.C.

Marine shells from kitchen midden in front of rock shelter, Phnom Kbal Romeas, 10 km E Kampot (10° 36' 08" N Lat, 104° 15' E Long), Cambodia. Coll. and subm. 1967 by J. P. Carbonnel. *Comment:* atypical potsherds assoc.

II. GEOLOGIC SAMPLES

A. France

1. N and W France

Channel Islands series

Shelly sand from hydraulic dunes on sandy banks, submerged off the Channel Is., in Normano-Breton Gulf. Dredged and subm. 1968 by P. Hommeril, Fac. Sci., Rouen. Depths are related to lowest tide sea level (Hommeril, 1971).

Gif-1152. Shôle Bank, D 509 **4590 ± 140**
2640 B.C.
-17 m, (49° 35' 30" N Lat, 2° 13' 50" W Long).

Gif-1666. Shôle Bank, D 523 **3950 ± 100**
2000 B.C.
-19 m, (49° 33' 20" N Lat, 2° 13' 10" W Long).

Gif-1663. Ecrevière Dune, D 169 **2450 ± 95**
500 B.C.
-1 m, (49° 17' N Lat, 1° 54' W Long).

Gif-1664. W Serk Bank, D 296 **1830 ± 90**
A.D. 120
 -43 m, (49° 25' 15" N Lat, 2° 24' 45" W Long).

Gif-1665. Great-Bank, D 299 **1300 ± 90**
A.D. 650
 -8 m, (49° 26' N Lat, 2° 30' 50" W Long).

General Comment: elucidates history of submarine banks and of sedimentation in Normano-Breton Gulf.

Gif-1293. Boulogne-sur-Mer, 1, Pas-de-Calais **3950 ± 140**
2000 B.C.

Wood from tree trunk in littoral peat bog, 2.40 m above m.s.l. on beach, Boulogne-sur-Mer (50° 37' N Lat, 0° 45' W Long), Pas-de-Calais. Coll. and subm. 1968 by H. Mariette, Samer, Pas-de-Calais. *Comment:* agrees well with Bronze age of site found in peat bog.

Gif-1294. Camiers, 2, Pas-de-Calais **2100 ± 110**
150 B.C.

Charcoal in peaty sand, 3 m above m.s.l., on beach, 50 m from foot of cliff, Camiers (50° 53' N Lat, 0° 45' W Long), Pas-de-Calais. Coll. and subm. 1968 by H. Mariette. *Comment:* site of 2nd Iron age found at this horizon yielded abundant material for salt exploitation.

Gif-1295. Camiers, 3, Pas-de-Calais **3180 ± 140**
1230 B.C.

Wood in gray clay under peaty sand, 1.50 m above m.s.l.; on beach, 150 m from foot of cliff, Camiers (50° 33' N Lat, 0° 45' W Long), Pas-de-Calais. Coll. and subm. 1968 by H. Mariette. *Comment:* agrees with Iron age industry found in this horizon. As Gif-1293 and 1294, indicates variations of sea level.

Cléon series, Seine Maritime

From base of alluvial terrace of Seine, near Cléon, alt. +5 m, (49° 18' N Lat, 1° 01' E Long), Seine Maritime. Coll. and subm. 1968 by P. Hommeril.

Gif-1153. Cléon, Mn 1 **≥35,000**
 Calcareous nodules in gray sand, 9.00 to 10.50 m depth.

Gif-1154. Cléon, Mn 2 **≥35,000**
 Calcareous nodules in fine gray sand, 2.60 to 2.80 m depth.

Gif-1155. Cléon, Mn 3 **≥35,000**
 Gasteropod shells from same sand as Gif-1154.

Gif-1169. Colleville-sur-Mer, Calvados **8730 ± 190**
6780 B.C.

Mammoth tusk from solifluction flow, cliffed on "Omaha Beach", Colleville-sur-Mer (49° 42' N Lat, 1° 22' W Long), Calvados. Coll. and subm. 1968 by C. Larssonneur, Fac. Sci., Caen. *Comment:* obtained on total carbon.

Coquebourg, series, Les Veys, Manche

Borings, alt. +3 m, on littoral, at Coquebourg, Les Veys (49° 20' N Lat, 1° 08' W Long), Manche. Coll. and subm. 1968 by C. Larssonneur. Depths are related to m.s.l.

Gif-1216. Coquebourg, F 9 **3050 ± 110**
1100 B.C.
Peaty mud, +1 m.

Gif-1217. Coquebourg, F 28 **13,000 ± 300**
11,050 B.C.

Fine shelly sand, -4 m. *Comment:* in absence of organic matter, total carbon, probably partly detrital, was used for measurements.

Gif-1218. Coquebourg, F 35 **7550 ± 170**
5600 B.C.
Mud with organic matter, -5.5 m.

Gif-1219. Coquebourg, F 52 **≥16,000**

Muddy sand, -11 m. *Comment:* very low organic content; compensated with inert carbon.

General Comment: Gif-1218 corresponds to Flandrian Transgression in Les Veys Bay, whereas Gif-1219 represents ancient sediments *in situ*.

Gif-1184. Continental shelf, Atlantic, D 16 **1730 ± 100**
A.D. 220

Glycymeris shells, on edge of continental shelf, -137 m (45° 54' N Lat, 0° 03' 35" W Long), Atlantic. Coll. by dredging and subm. 1968 by M. Glémarec, Fac. Sci., Brest. *Comment:* it is interesting that such young shells may be dredged, so deep and so far from coast.

Gif-1259. Baie d'Audierne, Finistère **15,000 ± 400**
13,050 B.C.

Shell debris extracted from ca. 3 m shelly sandstone of littoral facies, 34 m depth on continental shelf, 5 km off Baie d'Audierne (47° 58' N Lat, 4° 32' W Long), Finistère. Shells mixed with terrigenous gravel and pebbles; cement is of coarse sand (Saint-Requier and Guilcher, 1969). Coll. by divers and subm. 1969 by A. Guilcher, Fac. Lettres., Brest. *Comment:* if shore formation, as supposed, age is old for sea level at 34 m.

Gif-1214. Pont-de-Paille, Loire Atlantique **5250 ± 150**
3300 B.C.

Oyster from shelly horizon, 4.50 to 4.70 m depth, Pont-de-Paille (47° 18' N Lat, 2° 11' W Long), Loire Atlantique, overflow region of Grande Brière. Coll. and subm. 1968 by F. Ottmann, Fac. Sci., Nantes. *Comment:* corresponds to marine transgression which destroyed forest of La Grande Brière.

2060 ± 100
110 B.C.

Gif-1271. Trizay, Charente Maritime

Peat, from base of peaty horizon over blue-gray clay, 1.70 m above mean sea level, on left bank of Arnoult R., tributary of Charente R., at Trizay (45° 13' N Lat, 3° 15' W Long). Coll. and subm. 1968 by C. Gabet, Rochefort. *Comment*: absence of alluvium between clay and peat suggests that peat accumulation began just after Flandrian Transgression.

5000 ± 140
3050 B.C.

Gif-866. Ile d'Or, Amboise, Indre et Loire

Wood (*Quercus* sp.), from beneath 8 m alluvial sand, Ile d'Or, Amboise (47° 25' N Lat, 1° 00' E Long), Indre et Loire. Coll. and subm. 1967 by J. C. Koeniger, Fac. Sci., Paris. *Comment*: dates beginning of alluvial plugging of Loire Valley, at Amboise.

2. *Central France*

Chaîne-des-Puys series, Massif Central

Samples from beneath lava or tephra from recent episodes of volcanism of Chaîne-des-Puys, in Massif Central (Brousse *et al.*, 1969). Unless otherwise specified, dates were obtained on organic matter in soil, humic acids being eliminated. Coll. and subm. by R. Brousse, Fac. Sci., Orsay.

Gif-1408. Pranal Flow **≥ 35,000**

Wood from beneath Pranal Flow, from Chalusset Volcano, bank of Sioule R. (45° 52' N Lat, 2° 50' E Long).

12,800 ± 250
10,850 B.C.

Gif-1410. Source des Roches, Chamalières

Organic matter from lacustrine sediments with diatoms covered with basaltic tephra probably from "Petit-Puy-de-Dôme" near Source des Roches, at Chamalières (45° 47' N Lat, 3° 03' E Long).

11,000 ± 150
9050 B.C.

Gif-1409. Royat

Paleosol on Royat Flow, covered with 5 cm basaltic cinder and ash, near "Grotte du Chien," at Royat (45° 45' N Lat, 3° 03' E Long).

10,700 ± 270
8750 B.C.

Gif-1581. Clermont-Ferrand, Boring 3

Peaty mud from beneath 1.50 m black ash and 0.50 m diatom mud with gastropods, beneath Clermont-Ferrand (45° 47' N Lat, 3° 05' E Long), Puy-de-Dôme. Coll. by boring and subm. by H. Pelletier.

10,000 ± 250
8050 B.C.

Gif-1502. Puy de Lantegy 1

Upper paleosol, 10 cm thick, at top of basaltic black cinder at 1.30

m depth, on N flank Puy de Lantegy (45° 49' N Lat, 2° 56' E Long), successively covered with 60 cm domitic ash rubbish, and present soil.

Gif-1501. Puy de Lantegy, 2 **8200 ± 120**
6250 B.C.

Charcoal in domitic ash layer overlying ancient soil Gif-1502, on N flank of Puy de Lantegy.

Gif-1492. Puy de Lantegy, 3 **8900 ± 190**
6950 B.C.

Charcoal in acid tephra on N flank Puy de Lantegy, but not in the same place as Gif-1502 and 1501. Coll. by D. Baudry and subm. 1969 by H. Tazieff.

Gif-1498. Cheire de Mercoeur, V **8400 ± 300**
6450 B.C.

Carbonized wood in domitic tephra on lava flow from Puy Mey, at Cheire de Mercoeur, S Puy-de-Dôme (45° 43' N Lat, 2° 58' E Long).

Gif-1497. Cheire de Mercoeur, IV **8100 ± 200**
6150 B.C.

Paleosol overlying domitic ash dated 8400 B.P.: Gif-1498, at Cheire de Mercoeur, S Puy-de-Dôme.

Gif-1499. Puy-de-Laschamp **8200 ± 170**
6250 B.C.

Carbonized wood, 1.40 m deep in domitic ash, on top of Puy de Laschamp (45° 44' N Lat, 2° 57' E Long).

Gif-1553. Saint-Saturnin I, organic remains **8000 ± 170**
6050 B.C.

Organic remains of ancient soil, 30 cm below lava flow of Saint-Saturnin (45° 39' N Lat, 3° 05' E Long).

Gif-1552. Saint-Saturnin 1, humic acid **6500 ± 300**
4550 B.C.

Humic acid from fossil soil, 30 cm below lava flow of Saint-Saturnin.

Gif-1625. Saint-Saturnin 2, organic remains **7700 ± 180**
5750 B.C.

Organic remains from ancient soil, upper level 0 to 15 cm, beneath lava flow of Saint-Saturnin, same place as Gif-1553.

Gif-1626. Saint-Saturnin 2, humic acid **5800 ± 400**
3850 B.C.

Humic acid from ancient soil, 0 to 15 cm beneath lava flow of Saint-Saturnin. *Comment:* organic remains have a similar age at top and base of paleosol but humic acids are contaminated by humic acids from upper recent soil, which percolate through fissures in basaltic flow.

Gif-1500. Puy de Barme **7850 ± 180**
5900 B.C.

Carbonized wood in domitic ash, 70 cm deep overlying red cinder of Puy de Barme (45° 44' N Lat, 2° 55' E Long).

- 6670 ± 160**
4720 B.C.
- Gif-1164. Puy de Montchal, 1**
Fine charcoal in soil beneath 80 cm basaltic cinder, probably from Puy de Montchal, N lake of Pavin (45° 29' N Lat, 2° 53' E Long) (Brousse *et al.*, 1969).
- 6650 ± 160**
4700 B.C.
- Gif-1191. Puy de Montchal, 2**
Similar to Gif-1164. *Comment:* confirms absence of pollution from upper charcoal horizon.
- 6000 ± 150**
4050 B.C.
- Gif-1375. Puy de la Toupe**
Ancient soil, 60 cm deep, under basaltic ash from Puy de la Vache and Puy de Lassolas and covering Puy de la Toupe (45° 41' N Lat, 2° 56' E Long).
- 5750 ± 150**
3800 B.C.
- Gif-1278. N Puy du Montcineyre**
Paleosol beneath 40 cm basaltic ash, 4 km N of Puy du Montcineyre (45° 27' N Lat, 2° 54' E Long) (Brousse and Horgues, 1969).
- 3450 ± 110**
1500 B.C.
- Gif-1496. N E Puy du Montcineyre**
Ancient soil overlying volcanic ash, covered with phonolitic ejecta, 2 km S SE from Puy du Montcineyre.
- 2050 ± 100**
100 B.C.
- Gif-1529. Clermont-Ferrand, Boring CRDP 7**
Charcoal in black mud with gastropods, 5.50 m deep, beneath 3 m volcanic pumice Clermont-Ferrand (45° 47' N Lat, 3° 05' E Long), Puy-de-Dôme. Coll. by boring and subm. by H. Pelletier, Fac. Sci., Clermont-Ferrand. *Comment:* elsewhere, upper part of pumice relates to archaeological horizon of La Tène age. Age is consistent.
General Comment: proves existence of very recent volcanism in N Massif Central; one phase is contemporaneous with volcanism in Eifel dated 10,680 to 11,150 B.P. (Firbas, 1953).
- Lake Pavin series, Massif Central**
Lacustrine sediments from crater Lake Pavin, in Chaîne des Puys, Massif Central (45° 30' N Lat, 2° 53' E Long). Two methods of sampling were used according to consistency of sediments:
- a) sample 70 cm deep coll. with conventional coring equipment
 - b) sample 30 cm deep from muddy, soft, surface coll. by diver with hand-operated glass tube.
- Neither pumice nor ash was found in sediments. Coll. by R. Chesselet and subm. 1968 by R. Brousse.

Gif-1305. Pavin P 2, surface	1250 ± 100 A.D. 700
Probably surface sediment. <i>Comment:</i> water content of sediment was ca. 300% in glass tube.	
Gif-1306. Pavin P 12, 27 to 30 cm depth	4150 ± 120 2200 B.C.
At bottom of glass tube.	
Gif-1261. Pavin, 30 to 40 cm depth	6050 ± 145 4100 B.C.
Gif-1262. Pavin, 50 to 60 cm depth	4900 ± 130 2950 B.C.
Gif-1263. Pavin, 70 to 80 cm depth	5770 ± 140 3820 B.C.
Gif-1135. Pavin, 90 to 100 cm depth	4150 ± 170 2200 B.C.
<i>General Comment:</i> age inversions indicate important disturbance in lake sediment, confirmed by presence of fission products from modern fallout, along 30 1st cm.	

Pont de la Clamouze series, Puy-de-Dôme

Peat from peat bog of Pont de la Clamouze, at 1185 m alt. (45° 29' N Lat, 2° 51' E Long) in Puy-de-Dôme. Coll. and subm. 1968 by G. Delibrias and R. Brousse.

Gif-1163. Pont de la Clamouze, 0.60 m depth	3700 ± 130 1750 B.C.
Gif-1162. Pont de la Clamouze, 1.50 m depth	4100 ± 130 2150 B.C.
<i>General Comment:</i> pollen analysis indicates <i>Fagus</i> maximum ca. 4100 B.P.	

3. S France

Les Estables I series, Vallespir, Bassin de la Parcigoule, Pyrénées Orientales

Peat bog Les Estables I (42° 27' N Lat, 2° 27' 07" E Long) in Tech river basin, at E part of Pyrenean range, High Vallespir, alt. 1720 m. Coll. and subm. 1968 by G. Jalut, Fac. Sci., Toulouse.

Gif-1197. Estables I, Palyn 7, 0 to 5 cm	1350 ± 100 A.D. 600
Gif-1198. Estables II, Palyn 8, 11 to 16 cm	600 ± 90 A.D. 1350
<i>Comment:</i> evident inversion of 2 upper levels.	

Gif-1199. Estables I, Palyn 9, 50 to 55 cm **5120 ± 130**
3170 B.C.

Atlantic-Sub-Boreal transition. *Comment*: marks extension of beech at Sub-Boreal period.

Gif-1200. Estables I, Palyn 10, 72 to 79 cm **8260 ± 220**
6310 B.C.

Boreal period characterized by abundant pollen of *Pinus* and scarcity of *Abies*.

General Comment: mountain vegetation of Tech river basin, as in Têt river basin (Gif-870: 8300 ± 190, R., 1971, v. 13, p. 236) is different from that of Aude valley where, at same period, *Abies* pollen is abundant (Gif-792: 9250 ± 210, R., 1971, v. 13, p. 236, Van Campo and Jalut, 1969). This indicates one of most important differences between types of paleosylvatic succession of Aude river basin, in N slope and Têt and Tech valleys which are of SW-NE orientation and where Mediterranean climate appears as determining agent of this development (Jalut, 1971).

Les Estables II series, Vallespir, Bassin de la Parcigoule, Pyrénées Orientales

Peat bog, Les Estables II, (42° 27' 55" N Lat, 2° 26' 45" E Long), Vallespir, alt. 1883 m, Pyrénées Orientales. Coll. and subm. 1969 by G. Jalut.

Gif-1389. Les Estables II, 0 to 5 cm **Modern**
 $\delta C^{14} = +20\%$

Gif-1390. Les Estables II, 45 to 55 cm **1100 ± 90**
A.D. 850

Gif-1391. Les Estables II, 145 to 155 cm **1200 ± 90**
A.D. 750

Comment: consistent with presence of cereal pollen in the 3 levels.

Gif-865. La Channe R., Hautes Alpes **8500 ± 200**
6550 B.C.

Tree trunk rooted in silty layer buried by mud flow of marl 9 m deep in terrace of La Channe R., tributary of Buëch R., affluent of Durance R., Hautes Alpes (44° 24' N Lat, 5° 45' E Long). Coll. and subm. 1964 by M. Archambault, Fac. Lettres, Orléans, Loiret. *Comment*: corresponds to retreat of a glacier leading to solifluction.

Gif-1080. Turrone I, Chauranne Valley, Hautes Alpes **7960 ± 185**
6010 B.C.

Tree trunk still rooted in Jurassic marl and buried by mud flow, 8 m deep, in terrace of Turrone torrent, tributary of Buëch R., St-Pierre-d'Argençon (44° 31' 45" N Lat, 5° 41' 54" E Long), Hautes Alpes. Coll. and subm. 1967 by M. Archambault. *Comment*: same as for Gif-865.

Gif-1138. Le Villard, La Beaume, Hautes Alpes $\geq 35,000$

Fossilized trunks in sink hole bottom, in colluvium at top of black Jurassic marl, on folding above Villard hamlet, La Beaume (44° 33' 32" N Lat, 5° 40' 34" E Long), Hautes Alpes. Coll. and subm. 1968 by M. Archambault.

Gif-1139. Melve, Hautes Alpes 8970 ± 210
7020 B.C.

Tree trunk rooted in 40 cm silt level, covered by stratified silty and marly debris, 6 m deep in bank of La Sausse Ravine, affluent of the Durance, N.W. Melve (44° 21' 40" N Lat, 5° 59' E Long), Hautes Alpes. Coll. and subm. 1968 by M. Archambault. *Comment*: same as for Gif-865.

Corsica series

Shells from coastal sediment in Corsica (Ottmann, 1958). Coll. and subm. by F. Ottmann, Fac. Sci., Nantes.

Gif-1207. Urbino, Corsica $23,800 \pm 700$
21,850 B.C.

Cardium from Urbino pond, alt. 0.50 to 1 m (42° 03' N Lat, 9° 27' 40" E Long) on E coast Urbino Peninsula, Corsica.

Gif-1208. Vadina, Corsica $24,100 \pm 700$
22,150 B.C.

Cardium from Vadina, alt. ca. +20 m (42° 03' N Lat, 9° 26' 30" E Long), Corsica Lagoon facies.

Gif-1209. Figari Gulf, Corsica $23,100 \pm 700$
21,150 B.C.

Oysters from far end of Figari Gulf, alt. +3 m (41° 27' N Lat, 9° 01' E Long), Corsica. Level of lagoon facies.

Gif-1210. Arbitro Cove, Corsica $\geq 40,000$

Shells from Arbitro Cove, alt. 1.5 to 2 m (41° 27' N Lat, 9° 01' E Long), Corsica. Assoc. with important sand dunes and organogenic calcareous sandstone. Marine facies.

Gif-1211. Saint-Florent Gulf, Corsica $35,000 \pm 3000$
33,050 B.C.

Shells from Saint-Florent Gulf, alt. 1.5 to 2 m (42° 42' N Lat, 9° 19' 30" E Long), Corsica. Assoc. with important dune formations and organogenic calcareous sandstone. Marine facies.

Gif-1212. S Ajaccio Gulf, Corsica $\geq 40,000$

Shells from cove between Capo Muro and Capo Nero, S Ajaccio Gulf, alt. 2.5 m (41° 43' N Lat, 8° 42' E Long), Corsica. Marine facies. *General Comment* (F.O.): for a region of recent strong tectonic instability, alt. of coastal sites is not very significant. Yet, results do not fully disagree with faunal study.

B. Africa

- 380 ± 90**
- Gif-1235. Nioum Wadi, Karem, Chad, D.698** **A.D. 1570**
 Shells (*Melania tuberculata*) from upper part of silt layer, 60 cm thick, in terrace 4 m above bottom of Nioum Wadi (14° 05' N Lat, 14° 28' E Long) Kanem, Chad. Coll. and subm. 1969 by B. Dupont, ORSTOM, Fort-Lamy, Chad. *Comment*: dates one of last transgressions of Chad lake, or, more probably, residual pond fed by ground water.
- Gif-1236. Kalia Wadi, Kanem, Chad, D.844** **Modern**
 Charcoal and ash from iron working kiln dug into diatomite, Kalia Wadi (14° 18' N Lat, 14° 54' E Long), Kanem, Chad. Coll. and subm. 1969 by B. Dupont. *Comment*: unrelated to age of diatomite, which is much older.
- Gif-1237. Matafo Fo, Bol, Chad, D.928** **Modern**
 Shells (*Bellamyia unicolor*) from shelly deposit, alt. 285 to 287 m, on dune, Matafo (13° 31' N Lat, 14° 41' E Long), Bol, Chad. Coll. and subm. 1969 by B. Dupont. *Comment*: correct for shoreline of Chad lake at this alt.
- Bimba, Mayo Mali series, Cameroun**
 Superposed paleosols, in Quaternary sediments forming terraced glaciais of Mayo Mali which crosses Alantika Mts., near Bimba, W Cameroun (8° 34' N Lat, 12° 31' E Long). Coll. and subm. 1968 by J. Hervieu, Centre ORSTOM, Yaoundé. In Cameroun, accumulation of this ancient alluvium is related to an erosion cycle with drier climate than at present; soils were developed during short humid cycles which stopped sedimentation (Hervieu, 1970).
- 16,900 ± 500**
- Gif-1319. Mayo Mali, W J 12** **14,950 B.C.**
 5 m deep in Sec. c of terrace. *Comment*: ancient CO₂ added for measurement.
- 19,000 ± 600**
- Gif-1320. Mayo Mali, W J 11** **17,050 B.C.**
 8 m deep, Sec. c.
- 18,200 ± 500**
- Gif-1321. Mayo Mali, W J 10** **16,250 B.C.**
 10 m deep, Sec. c.
- 20,000 ± 1000**
- Gif-1322. Mayo Mali, W J 9** **18,050 B.C.**
 12 m deep, Sec. c.
- 17,500 ± 500**
- Gif-1323. Mayo Mali, W J 14 bis** **15,550 B.C.**
 From another sec., near Sec. c, in a similar stratigraphic position to Gif-1319 and Gif-1320.

General Comment: in N Cameroun, this ancient alluvium is correlated with Dourounian period, one of the known main arid periods. This dry period could be a result, between 8° and 12° N, of a semi-arid climatic influence from Sahara region. Dourounian sediments appear to have been deposited during a short time and more recently than thought.

Madagascar series

Organic layers in ancient alluvial terrace, Madagascar. Coll. and subm. 1969 by F. Bourgeat, ORSTOM, Tananarive.

Gif-1335. Ambalavao, A M T 1474 **660 ± 90**
A.D. 1290

2.10 to 2.50 m beneath present alluvium Ambalavao region, (21° 01' S Lat, 46° 07' E Long), S part of Highlands.

Gif-1336. Tananarive plain, A T B 1200 **780 ± 90**
A.D. 1170

1.50 to 2.00 m beneath colluvium of a red ferralitic soil, in terrace bordering on Tananarive Plain (18° 50' S Lat, 47° 28' E Long). Corresponds to top of Terrace II.

Gif-1479. Tananarive plain, H T B 1300 **24,000 ± 1000**
22,050 B.C.

8 to 8.50 m in Terrace II, in Tananarive Plain (18° 50' S Lat, 47° 30' E Long).

Gif-1480. Tananarive plain, H T B 1400 **≥35,000**

14 m in Terrace II, in Tananarive Plain (18° 50' S Lat, 47° 30' E Long).

Gif-1337. Ampitano, T T B 600 **Modern**

1.50 m deep, in alluvial Terrace I of Ampitano, S Antsirabe, in Highlands (20° 02' S Lat, 47° 07' E Long).

Gif-1338. Manjakandriana, T T B 800 **≥35,000**

0.80 m deep in Terrace II, in Manjakandriana region (18° 53' S Lat, 47° 47' E Long).

General Comment: precise chronology of formation of 2nd and recent terraces. Considering shielding role of vegetation in equatorial climate, formation of terraces could be correlated to climate phase with strong erosion: this does not imply important climatic variations, but rather changes, in duration and in intensity of dry and wet seasons.

C. Arctic Regions

Spitsbergen series

Shells from uplifted terraces, W coast of Spitsbergen. Coll. by A. Moign and subm. 1968 by A. Guilcher.

Gif-1256. Gipsbukta, S P I, 11 **3230 ± 120**
1280 B.C.

Mytilus on a rocky strandflat, alt. +4 m, N shore of Sassenfjord (78° 25' N Lat, 16° 30' E Long), Spitsbergen.

- Gif-1442. Gipsbukta, S P I, 10** **8950 ± 200**
7000 B.C.
Whale bone, on emerged marine terrace, +26 m, Gipsbukta (78° 25' N Lat, 16° 30' E Long), Spitsbergen.
- Gif-1443. Gipsbukta, S P I, 14** **9200 ± 200**
7250 B.C.
Shells from emerged marine terrace, +55 m, Gipsbukta (78° 25' N Lat, 16° 30' E Long), Spitsbergen.
- Gif-1257. Dandmannsoyra** **8850 ± 200**
6900 B.C.
Mytilus level, alt. 10 m, 2 km from littoral, in Aula Valley, Dandmannsoyra (78° 15' N Lat, 13° 15' E Long), N W of Isfjord, Spitsbergen.
- Gif-1258. Erdmannsflya** **9700 ± 230**
7750 B.C.
Mya level, alt. +19 m, on a strandflat, Erdmannsflya (78° 15' N Lat, 14° 20' E Long), N of Isfjord, Spitsbergen.
General Comment: compatible with previous results for other uplifted marine terraces in Spitsbergen (R., 1966, v. 8, p. 91-92; 1969, v. 11, p. 336-337; 1964, v. 6, p. 297; 1965, v. 7, p. 317).

Fort Chimo series, Quebec

Peat bog, 84 m thick, at Fort Chimo (56° N Lat, 67° W Long), Quebec. Peat samples coll. and subm. 1970 by J. Malaurie.

- Gif-1831. Fort Chimo 1, 0 to 12 cm depth** **380 ± 90**
A.D. 1570
- Gif-1830. Fort Chimo 3, 24 to 36 cm depth** **1860 ± 90**
A.D. 90
- Gif-1829. Fort Chimo 5, 48 to 60 cm depth** **2900 ± 110**
950 B.C.
- Gif-1828. Fort Chimo 7, 72 to 84 cm depth** **4020 ± 120**
2070 B.C.

General Comment: *Betula* pollen dominant till ca. 30 cm depth; in lower part of profile, pollen of *picea* abundant and *Alnus* present. Diagram suggests change S to N forest line in Quebec. Pollen analysis by Y. Vasari, Univ. Oulu, Finland.

Greenland series

Five profiles of organic deposits from Thule area, N W Greenland coll. and subm. 1968-1970 by J. Malaurie, Centre Etudes Arct. et Finno-Scandinaves, Paris. Pollen analysis by Y. Vasari.

Ita profile, Fjord Foulke

Peat bog, 52 cm thick, at Ita (78° 16' N Lat, 72° 34' W Long), Fjord Foulke region.

Gif-574.	Ita 3, 6 to 9 cm depth	175 ± 90 A.D. 1775
Gif-1748.	Ita 4, 9 to 12 cm depth	330 ± 90 A.D. 1620
Gif-575.	Ita 5, 12 to 15 cm depth	1200 ± 140 A.D. 750
Gif-576.	Ita 9 + 10, 24 to 30 cm depth	1325 ± 140 A.D. 625
Gif-577.	Ita 15, 42 to 45 cm depth	1480 ± 140 A.D. 470
Gif-578.	Ita 17, 48 to 52 cm depth	1860 ± 150 A.D. 90

General Comment: main components of pollen diagram are *Salix arctica-glauca* type, *Cassiope* type, gramineae and *Cerastium-stellacia* type. Between 500 and 750 A.D. pollen density and rate of formation of peat are maximum.

Idglolorssuit profile, Robertson Fjord

Peat bog, 82 cm thick, at Idglolorssuit (77° 50' N Lat, 70° 18' W Long), Robertson Fjord region.

Gif-568.	Idglolorssuit, 2, 3 to 6 cm depth	90 ± 90 A.D. 1860
Gif-569.	Idglolorssuit, 4, 9 to 12 cm depth	580 ± 100 A.D. 1370
Gif-1746.	Idglolorssuit, 7, 18 to 21 cm depth	750 ± 100 A.D. 1200
Gif-1747.	Idglolorssuit, 9, 23 to 26 cm depth	700 ± 100 A.D. 1250
Gif-1570.	Idglolorssuit, 9 + 10, 23 to 29 cm depth	780 ± 100 A.D. 1170
Gif-1571.	Idglolorssuit, 11 + 12, 32 to 38 cm depth	580 ± 100 A.D. 1370

Comment: aberrant date for unknown reason.

Gif-572.	Idglolorssuit, 15, 42 to 45 cm depth	730 ± 100 A.D. 1220
Gif-573.	Idglolorssuit, 27, 78 to 82 cm depth	1250 ± 100 A.D. 700

General Comment: gramineae pollen predominant throughout profile. Maximum pollen density and rate of peat formation from A.D. 1200 to 1400.

Thulé profile

Peat bog, 66 cm thick, at Thulé (76° 35' N Lat, 68° 57' W Long).

		310 ± 90
Gif-1650.	Thulé 3, 5 to 8 cm depth	A.D. 1640
		400 ± 90
Gif-1651.	Thulé 8, 19 to 21 cm depth	A.D. 1550
		640 ± 90
Gif-1691.	Thulé 10, 24 to 27 cm depth	A.D. 1310
		750 ± 90
Gif-1652.	Thulé 12, 30 to 32 cm depth	A.D. 1200
		900 ± 90
Gif-1692.	Thulé 13, 32 to 35 cm depth	A.D. 1050
		1120 ± 90
Gif-1693.	Thulé 15, 39 to 41 cm depth	A.D. 830
		1170 ± 100
Gif-1754.	Thulé 18, 47 to 50 cm depth	A.D. 780
		1330 ± 100
Gif-1755.	Thulé 22, 57 to 60 cm depth	A.D. 620
		1350 ± 100
Gif-1549.	Thulé 24, 63 to 66 cm depth	A.D. 600

General Comment: upper part of profile dominated by gramineae pollen till ca. A.D. 1300. Cyperaceae dominates in lower part. Rapid rate of peat formation ca. A.D. 800 and from A.D. 1550 to 1650.

Ivsugissok profile

Peat bog, 55 cm depth, at Ivsugissok (76° 30' N Lat, 68° W Long).

		50 ± 50
Gif-1648.	Ivsugissok 1, 5 to 10 cm depth	A.D. 1900
		150 ± 50
Gif-1649.	Ivsugissok 4, 20 to 25 cm depth	A.D. 1800
		550 ± 90
Gif-1749.	Ivsugissok 6, 30 to 35 cm depth	A.D. 1400
		950 ± 90
Gif-1750.	Ivsugissok 8, 40 to 45 cm	A.D. 1000
		1060 ± 90
Gif-1550.	Ivsugissok 10, 50 to 55 cm	A.D. 890

General Comment: pollen diagram shows constant dominance of gramineae.

Savigssivik profile

Peat bog, 82 cm depth, at Savigssivik (76° 02' N Lat, 64° 50' W Long).

Gif-1806.	Savigssivik 1, 0 to 7 cm depth	1320 ± 90 A.D. 630
Gif-1646.	Savigssivik 2, 8 to 15 cm depth	1400 ± 90 A.D. 550
Gif-1751.	Savigssivik 3, 15 to 22 cm depth	1370 ± 90 A.D. 580
Gif-1647.	Savigssivik 5, 29 to 36 cm depth	1450 ± 90 A.D. 500
Gif-1752.	Savigssivik 6, 36 to 43 cm depth	1460 ± 90 A.D. 490
Gif-1753.	Savigssivik 9, 60 to 68 cm depth	1480 ± 90 A.D. 470
Gif-1551.	Savigssivik 11, 75 to 82 cm depth	1300 ± 100 A.D. 650

General Comment: peat bog formation stopped ca. A.D. 600. Rapid formation due to proximity of peat bog nidifying birds.

*D. Other Countries***Gif-1192. Signal de Bougy, Vaud, Switzerland** **≥35,000**

Sapropelic lignite in clayey moraine, under Signal de Bougy (46° 29' N Lat, 6° 22' E Long), Vaud, Switzerland. Coll. by A. Jeannet and subm. 1968 by J. P. Vernet, Geneva.

Gif-1193. Mine de Grandson, Vaud, Switzerland **≥35,000**

Sapropelic lignite in mine de Grandson (46° 29' N Lat, 6° 38' E Long), Vaud, Switzerland. Coll. and subm. 1968 by J. P. Vernet.

Eastern Coastal Area series, Belgium

Shells and peat coll. by coring to study lithostratigraphy of Quaternary sediments in E coastal area, Belgium. Subm. by C. Sys, Geol. Inst., Gent.

Gif-1339. Meetkerke, 124 MB, m 8 **≥40,000**

Shells in sand, 2.50 m depth, Meetkerke (51° 13' 07" N Lat, 3° 08' 48" E Long).

Gif-1341. Meetkerke, 124 MB 14, m 17 **≥40,000**

Shells (*Hydrobia*) in clayey Meetkerke formation 5.50 to 7.00 m depth, (51° 13' 07" N Lat, 3° 08' 48" E Long).

- Gif-1342. Stalhille, 124 DB 1, m 31** **21,000 ± 600**
19,050 B.C.
 Shells in shelly sand, 8 m depth, Stalhille (51° 13' 08" N Lat, 3° 04' 29" E Long).
- Gif-1344. Zuienkerke, 124 DB 6, m 60** **≥40,000**
 Shells in coarse sand, 23.5 m depth, Quienkerke (51° 16' 03" N Lat, 3° 09' 39" E Long).
- Gif-1343. Wenduine, 48 DB 3, m 37** **22,600 ± 600**
20,650 B.C.
 Shell debris in shelly sand, 14 m depth, Wenduine (51° 18' 30" N Lat, 3° 05' 52" E Long).
- Gif-1340. Litherke, 48 DB 2, m 16** **5300 ± 130**
3350 B.C.
 Peat, 3.50 m depth, Litherke (51° 17' 35" N Lat, 3° 07' 14" E Long).
General Comment: conclusions only for Gif-1340: Atlantic, Gif-1344: probably Eemien; Gif-1343: fits very well between both in good agreement with stratigraphy (de Breuck *et al.*, 1969).
- Gif-1239. Gli Astroni, Phlegrean Fields, Campania, Italy** **3950 ± 120**
2000 B.C.
 Carbonized branch, 10 m under fine-grained tephra, E flank of Gli Astroni, one of most important volcanoes of Phlegrean Fields, N Solfatara (40° 45' N Lat, 14° 27' E Long), Campania, (Delibrias *et al.*, 1969). Coll. and subm. 1968 by G. Kieffer, Inst. Geog., Clermont-Ferrand.
Comment: confirms Late Neolithic age assigned to Astroni owing to industry found beneath tephra.
- Gif-1605. Valle del Bove, Etna 69-I** **5000 ± 130**
3050 B.C.
 Carbonized tree trunk from forest buried under 2 to 3 m ash, outer flank of Valle del Bove, 2 km S E Mt. Zoccolaro, 1650 m alt. (37° 42' 30" N Lat, 15° 06' 30" E Long), S E Etna. Coll. and subm. 1970 by G. Kieffer. *Comment:* dates last episode of formation of caldera, 4 km wide on E flank of Etna (Kieffer, 1970).
- Gif-1766. Etna, 70-3** **7100 ± 140**
5150 B.C.
 Carbonized tree trunk from 2 to 4 m below surface of pumice and covered in places with deposit dated 5000 B.P. (Gif-1605), 2 km S E Mt. Zoccolaro, S E Etna (37° 45' N Lat, 15° 00' E Long). Coll. and subm. 1970 by G. Kieffer.
- Gif-1942. Vesuvius 71-I** **1850 ± 100**
A.D. 100
 Carbonized wood, 2 m below top of pumice on W flank of Vesuvius, 560 m alt. (40° 49' 30" N Lat, 14° 26' 30" E Long), Italy. Coll. and subm. 1971 by G. Kieffer. *Comment:* had been supposed to date eruption of Vesuvius before catastrophe of A.D. 79; in fact, dates this very event.

Asturias series, Spain

Shells from Asturias coast, Spain, 0.50 to 1 m above high sea level. Coll. and subm. 1968 by G. Mary, Fac. Sci., Le Mans.

1920 ± 110
A.D. 30

Gif-1267. La Fontias, Asturias

Patella carulea and *vulgata*, 2 m above high sea level, Las Fontias (43° 33' 30" N Lat, 3° 19' W Long), Asturias.

150 ± 90
A.D. 1800

Gif-1268. Salias, Asturias

Cardium edula from shelly deposit at high sea level, Salias (43° 31' 30" N Lat, 3° 19' 40" W Long), in Ria de Ribadeo, Bahia, Asturias.

Gif-1269. Salias de Granda, Asturias **Modern**

Gryphea angulata, from shelly deposit, at high tide sea level limit, covered with silt, Salias de Granda (43° 30' 40" N Lat, 3° 21' W Long), El Vintero, in Ria de Ribadeo, Asturias.

Gif-1270. Las Aceas, Asturias **Modern**

Patella, from high tide sea level, Las Aceas, (43° 31' 20" N Lat, 3° 22' W Long), Ria de Ribadeo, Asturias.

General Comment: Gif-1268-1270 are shells presently deposited by sea in Ria de Ribadeo.

3580 ± 130
1630 B.C.

Gif-1123. Tekich, Barrada Valley, Syria

Organic layers intercalated in upper layers of lacustrine sediment at Ickiah (33° 33' N Lat, 36° 18' E Long), 25 km N W Damas, Barrada Valley, Syria. Coll. and subm. 1967 by K. Kaiser, Freien Univ., Berlin. *Comment:* disagrees with expected age: ca. 20,000 B.P. Corresponds to a Neolithic Pluvial.

El Lakkouk series, Lebanon

Samples from base of solifluction layer, NNE El Lakkouk, ca. 43 km N E Beirut (35° 52' N Lat, 34° 06' E Long), Lebanon. Coll. and subm. 1967 by K. Kaiser.

2880 ± 110
930 B.C.

Gif-1124. El Lakkouk, 3

Wood, 3 m depth.

Gif-1125. El Lakkouk, 4

Charcoal, 2 to 3 m depth.

4590 ± 140
2640 B.C.

General Comment: corresponds to moist period, as for Gif-1123.

Cabo Frio series, Brazil

Calcareous nodule, 5 cm diam., off Cabo Frio, 89 m depth, Rio de Janeiro (22° 53' S Lat, 41° 04' W Long), Brazil. Formed with concentric layers of *Bryozoa* and calcareous algae. Dredged and subm. by L. M. Braga, Inst. Pesquisas da Marinha, Rio de Janeiro.

Gif-1327. Cabo Frio, internal part **1050 ± 100**
A.D. 900

Gif-1471. Cabo Frio, superficial part **Modern**

General Comment: recent formation. Cabro Frio is in warm current of Brazil.

Aoba Island series, New Hebrides

Buried formation covered by present soil and including 4 volcanic series, each with fossil soil above coarse and fine emissions, Aoba I. (15° 20' S Lat, 167° 55' E Long), New Hebrides. Coll. 1966 and subm. 1967 by P. Quantin.

Gif-1134. Aoba Island, 2468 **1130 ± 110**
A.D. 820

Charcoal from hearth, 1 m deep, with ceramic debris and arrow point.

Gif-1133. Aoba Island, 2463 **1550 ± 110**
A.D. 400

Brown soil, 3.00 to 3.20 m deep.

General Comment: indicates 4 periods of volcanic activity in 400 yr. Time required for soil formation after volcanic eruption is very short in moist tropical climate.

Tongoa Island series, New Hebrides

Organic samples from system of basaltic flows and ejecta in volcanic formations, Tongoa I. (16° 54' S Lat, 168° 33' E Long), New Hebrides. Coll. 1965 and subm. 1967 by P. Quantin, ORSTOM, Noumea, New Caledonia.

Gif-1131. Meriu, Tongoa I., 1550 **≤ 100**

Carbonized tree trunk, 10 m under present soil in pumice and obsidian tephra.

Gif-1132. Burika, Tongoa I., 1603 **1670 ± 110**
A.D. 280

Brown soil, 3.00 to 3.20 m deep.

pumice and ash, overlying ancient flow.

General Comment: dates 2 of last emissions of pumice from the volcano.

Gif-1493. Cave of Chua Hang, Hon Chông, S Viet Nam **4150 ± 140**
2200 B.C.

Oyster shells in marine terrace, +2 m, Cave of Chua-Hang (10° 08' N Lat, 104° 38' E Long), S Viet Nam (Fontaine, 1970). Coll. and subm. by J. P. Carbonnel. *Comment:* dates recent sea level as in many places in Pacific.

Gif-1713. Cai-Lây, Mekong Delta, Viet Nam **4500 ± 110**
2550 B.C.

Marine and tidal-marsh shells from ancient shore, 100 km from present littoral, at Cai-Lây (10° 24' 15" N Lat, 106° 07' 30" E Long), in Mekong Delta. Coll. and subm. by H. Fontaine, Service Geol., Saigon. *Comment:* dates recent sea transgression, as Gif-1493 (Fontaine, 1971).

Gif-1413. Dong Nai, Viet Nam **≥35,000**

Carbonized wood in clay lentil, 5 m below surface of sandy alluvial terrace, Dong Nai Valley (10° 55' N Lat, 106° 51' 30" E Long), S Viet Nam. Coll. by H. Fontaine and subm. by J. P. Carbonnel. *Comment:* confirms alluvium is not recent.

Correction

Gif-721, v. 13, p. 228 should read: Gif-727.

Gif-1060, v. 13, p. 236 should read: Gif-1069.

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