Efficacy and tolerability... working in harmony.



A new dawn in the treatment of Schizophrenia.

- Effective in the treatment of both positive and negative symptoms of schizophrenia¹
- Improves mood and reduces hostility and aggression^{2/3}
- Incidence of EPS no different than placebo across the full dose range⁴
- Limited weight gain (approximately 50% less than that of olanzapine)^{5/6}



Seroquel®

Abridged prescribing information (for full details see summary of product characteristics). Presentations: Film coated tablets containing 25mg, 100mg or 200mg of quetiapine (as quetiapine fumarate). Uses: Treatment of schizophrenia. Dosage and Administration: Adults: Initial titration from 50mg to 300mg over first 4 days. From day 4 onwards the dose should be titrated to the usual effective dose of 300-450 mg/day. Dose range 150 to 750 mg/day elderly: Rate of dose titration may need to be slower and daily therapeutic dose lower than in younger patients. Children & Adolescents: Not evaluated. Renal Impairment: No dose adjustment required. Hepatic Impairment: Use with caution. Patients should be started on 25 mg/day and increased by 25 – 50 mg/day until an effective dosage. Contra-indications: Hypersensitivity to quetiapine fumarate or excipients. Concomitant administration of cytochrome P450 inhibitors, such as HIV-protease inhibitors, azole-antifungal agents, erythromycin, clarithromycin and netazone. Precautions and warnings: Known cardiovascular disease, or other conditions predisposing to hypotension. Possible initial orthostatic hypotension and syncope during the dose titration period. Patients with a history of seizures. If signs and symptoms of tardive dyskinesia appear dose reduction should be considered. In the event of neuroleptic malignant syndrome discontinue treatment. Undesirable effects: Mild asthenia, dry mouth, rhinitis, dyspepsia or constipation. Mild somnolence and limited weight gain during initial treatment period. Leucopenia, neutropenia, eosinophilia. Elevations in serum transaminase (ALT, AST) or g-GT levels and small elevations in non-fasting serum triglyceride and total cholesterol levels. Dose related increases in thyroid hormone levels particularly total T4 and free T4. Interactions: Use with caution with other centrally acting drugs and alcohol. CYP3A4 inhibitors as such as ketoconazole are contraindicated. Grapefruit juice, phenytoin, thioidazine. Pregnancy & lactation: Safety and e

References: 1. Peuskens & Link 1997 Acta Psychiatr Scand 1997 96(4) pp 265 - 273

2. Hellewell & Goldstein 1998 Schizophrenia Research 1998 29 (1/2) pp 154 - 155 Abs

4. Arvanitis et al . Biological Psychiatry 1997;42:233-246 5. Kinon et al 1998 XXIst CINP Congress, Glasgow, Scotland 1998



going

Orally dispersible tablet

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placed in the mouth, starts dispersing in about 15 seconds¹

g ne

disperses completely within one minute¹



Orodispersible Tablets, Olanzapine

Zyprexa VeloTab is a new oral rapidly dispersing formulation of Zyprexa which offers greater ease of use and aims to enhance compliance.

Zyprexa VeloTab is especially suitable for patients with schizophrenia unable to take oral tablets.

1017/S079096670000656X Published onlin ZycproxaniVeloTab is available in 5mg and 10mg tablets.

