

## Corrigendum

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# Black sea bass are a host in the developmental cycle of *Lernaeenicus radiatus* (Copepoda: Pennellidae): insights into parasite morphology, gill pathology and genetics – CORRIGENDUM

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**Keywords:** Black sea bass; genetics; gill pathology; *Lernaeenicus radiatus*; life cycle; Pennellidae; corrigendum

This study described the morphology, gill pathology and genetics of *Lernaeenicus radiatus* from the northwest Atlantic Ocean. The authors reported that this was the first study showing black sea bass, *Centropristis striata*, as the definitive first host for *L. radiatus* in this region; however, since publication they have become aware of a previously published reference by Shields (1977) showing this parasite utilizing black sea bass as a first host in the life cycle. In the more southern range of *L. radiatus*, the closely related rock sea bass, *Centropristis philadelphica*, was reported as a first host for the parasite by Overstreet (1978). The full references of these earlier works are:

Overstreet, R.M. (1978). Marine maladies? Worms, germs, and other symbionts from the northern Gulf of Mexico. Mississippi-Alabama Sea Grant Consortium, MASGP 78-021:140 p.

Shields, R.J. (1977). Laboratory maintenance of a marine parasitic copepod. *Wiadomosci Parazytologiczne* 23(1–3):189–193.

The authors are sorry that this escaped their attention prior to publication and would like to use this Corrigendum to address the error.

## Reference

**Lovy J and Friend SE** (2019) Black sea bass are a host in the developmental cycle of *Lernaeenicus radiatus* (Copepoda: Pennellidae): insights into parasite morphology, gill pathology and genetics, *Parasitology* Published by Cambridge University Press 19 December 2019, doi: [10.1017/S0031182019001781](https://doi.org/10.1017/S0031182019001781).