

NEIL F. GARVEY, University of Illinois, Urbana, retired from the department in August, 1967.

CHARLES B. HAGAN, University of Illinois, retired in June, 1967.

CHARLES B. JUDAH, University of New Mexico, retired on June 30, 1967 after twenty years of service.

JAMES K. POLLOCK, Murfin Professor of Political Science, University of Michigan, retired in June.

ROY E. SHERMAN, has retired from the University of Akron after 38 years of service. He will become a professor at the College of Emporia in September, 1967.

CARL B. SWISHER, Johns Hopkins University, retired in June.

RALPH M. WADE, has retired as professor of political science at the University of Wyoming.

FRANCIS G. WILSON, retired in June from the University of Illinois. He will teach at Long Island University, Greenvale, N.Y.

IN MEMORIAM

CARL L. HEYERDAHL, Professor Emeritus of Political Science, Purdue University, died in Yuma, Arizona, on December 30, 1966. His first appointment at Purdue University was as instructor of history and economics in 1928. He advanced through the ranks of assistant and associate professor and in March of 1966, the Board of Trustees bestowed the title of Professor Emeritus of Political Science upon him. During his final years on the faculty he served in a variety of positions at the departmental and school level. In these assignments his stability and strength of character were particularly prized by younger colleagues who sought him out for counsel on both academic and personal matters.—PURDUE UNIVERSITY.

JOHN HALVOR LEEK, David Ross Boyd professor emeritus of government, University of Oklahoma, died February 14, 1967, at the age of 70, following a long illness. He is survived by his sister, Norma Leek, 478 College, Norman, Oklahoma.

A native of Batavia, Illinois, Professor Leek received his advanced training at James Millikin University, A.B., 1920; the University of Illinois, A.M., 1921; and the University of Pennsylvania, Ph.D., 1925. His teaching career subsequently was devoted to the University of Oklahoma from the time of his appointment as assistant professor of government in 1925.

He will always be affectionately remembered and revered by his students and colleagues as a superb teacher—rigorous, systematic, and interesting. He had broad cultural interests, which unobtrusively enriched his contribution to countless students of his classes in American National Government, American Constitutional Law, and Government and Labor. In addition to his fields of specialization, he always maintained a specialized interest and appreciation in the fields of American biography and political history, and music. He was an activist in the civil rights field.

In 1949, the evaluation of Professor Leek as a teacher, manifest by the actions of students and colleagues, was recognized by his university, with his appointment as David Ross Boyd professor—a distinguished professorship, honoring vigorous performance and leadership in teaching and guidance of students.

His published works included: *Legislative Reference Work, A Comparative Study*, 1925; *Principles and Functions of Government in the United States* (co-author), 1948; and *Government and Labor in the United States*, 1952, as well as articles in professional journals, and literally hundred of book reviews in local newspapers.—JOSEPH C. PRAY.

LINDEN ALFRED MANDER, Professor of Political Science at the University of Washington died on April 2, 1967 at the age of 70, two months short of his scheduled retirement in June. Professor Mander arrived in Seattle from his native Australia in 1928, and served the University with unmatched devotion to both his students and the civic community from that time until his death.

His contribution to the interests of the "civic community" deserves separate mention because his involvement in what has been called "continuing education" both antedated his connection with the University and would have postdated it had he lived to fulfill arrangements already entered into before his death. He was active in the Worker's Education movement of the Twenties while still a student at Adelaide, and he would have continued his highly successful University Conversation series on TV appearances on local channel 9 had he lived beyond his allotted three score and ten.

Mander's principal teaching interest was international organization, a subject writ large in portent within the span of his active career by the institution of two ostensible Parliaments of Mankind. And he responded to the intellectual challenge of these events with a combination of opti-