

Announcements

Organization of American Historians Awards

1997 Elliott Rudwick Prize

The Elliott Rudwick Prize was given for the first time in 1991 for a book on the experience of racial and ethnic minorities in the United States. Books on interactions between two or more minority groups, or comparing the experience of two or more minority groups, would be especially welcomed. The prize is given in memory of Elliott Rudwick, professor of history and sociology at Kent State University, and is made possible through the generosity of August Meier, Rudwick's longtime colleague and collaborator. A prize of \$2,000 and a certificate is given biennially. The final prize will be given in 2001. No book that has won the Organization's James A. Rawley Prize will be eligible for the Elliott Rudwick Prize.

Each entry must be published during the two-year period January 1, 1995 through December 31, 1996. One copy of each entry must be received by each member of the prize committee by September 1, 1996. Final page proofs may be used for books to be published after September 1, 1996 and before January 1, 1997. If a final page proof is submitted, a bound copy of the entry must be submitted no later than January 7, 1997. No late submissions will be accepted.

One copy of each entry should be mailed directly to:

Roger Daniels (Committee Chair)
1055 Valley Lane
Cincinnati, OH 45229-1931

Ileen A. DeVault
School of Industrial and
Labor Relations
Cornell University
292 Ives Hall
Ithaca, NY 14853-3901

Philip J. Schwarz
Department of History
Virginia Commonwealth University
Box 842001
Richmond, VA 23284-2001

1997 Ray Allen Billington Prize

The Ray Allen Billington Prize is given biennially by the Organization of American Historians for the best book

in American frontier history, defined broadly so as to include the pioneer periods of all geographical areas and comparisons between American frontiers and others. First given in 1981, this prize honors Ray Allen Billington, OAH President 1962-63.

Each entry must be published during the two-year period January 1, 1995 through December 31, 1996. One copy of each entry must be received by each member of the prize committee by October 1, 1996. Final page proofs may be used for books to be published after October 1, 1996 and before January 1, 1997. If a final page proof is submitted, a bound copy of the entry must be submitted no later than January 7, 1997. No late submissions will be accepted.

One copy of each entry should be mailed directly to:

Robert V. Remini (Committee Chair)
Department of American Studies
University of Notre Dame
Notre Dame, IN 46556

Altina Waller, Department of History
University of Connecticut
Storrs, Storrs, CT 06269-2103

Harry W. Fritz, Department of History
University of Montana
Missoula, MT 59812

1997 Merle Curti Award In American Intellectual History

The Merle Curti Award in American Intellectual History is given by the Organization of American Historians in odd-numbered years to recognize books in the field of American intellectual history.

Publishers are urged to enter one or more books in the competition. Each entry must be published during the two-year period January 1, 1995, through December 31, 1996.

The schedule below should be followed in submitting books for the 1997 Merle Curti Award in American Intellectual History:

Deadline for receipt by committee members of books published in 1996: October 1, 1996.

Final page proofs may be used for books to be published after October 1, 1996 and before January 1, 1997. If a final page proof is submitted, a bound copy of the entry must be submitted no

later than January 7, 1997. No late submissions will be accepted.

One copy of each entry should be mailed directly to:

Alan Trachtenberg (Committee Chair)
American Studies Program
Yale University, P.O. Box 208236
New Haven, CT 06520

Helena M. Wall, Department of History
Pomona College
Claremont, CA 91711

Charles Capper, Department of History
University of North Carolina
at Chapel Hill
Chapel Hill, NC 27599-3195

The authors of the winning books will receive a check, a certificate and a medal. The publishers of the books will be honored with a certificate of merit. The award will be presented at the 1997 Annual Meeting of the OAH in San Francisco, April 17-20.

Georges Lavau Dissertation Award

The Conference Group on French Politics and Society, an affiliated group of the American Political Science Association, awards a prize for the best dissertation in the field of contemporary (20th century) French politics. The award is given every three years, and will be presented at the next meetings of the American Political Science Association in San Francisco, August 28 to September 1, 1996. Dissertations on any aspect of French politics accepted at an American or Canadian university between June of 1993 and June of 1996 are eligible for the award.

Please submit three copies of the dissertation to the awards committee before June 15, 1996. The committee is composed of: Kay Lawson, Department of Political Science and International Relations, 1600 Holloway Ave., San Francisco State University, San Francisco, CA 94132; David Wilsford, President, Institute for American Universities, 27 Place de l'Universite, 13625 Aix-en-Provence CEDEX, France; Anthony Daley, Department of Government, Wesleyan University, Middletown, CT 06459.

Questions may be addressed to Frank Baumgartner, Program Organizer, Con-

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ference Group on French Politics and Society, Department of Political Science, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX 77843-4348; phone: (409) 845-5021; e-mail: frankb@polisci.tamu.edu, or to members of the awards committee.

General Social Survey Student Paper Competition

The National Opinion Research Center (NORC) at the University of Chicago announces the second annual General Social Survey (GSS) Student Paper Competition. To be eligible papers must: 1) be based on data from the 1972–1994 GSSs or from the GSS's cross-national component, the International Social Survey Program (any year or combination of years may be used), 2) represent original and unpublished work, and 3) be written by a student or students at an accredited college or university. Both undergraduates and graduate students may enter and college graduates are eligible for one year after receiving their degree.

The papers will be judged on the basis of their: a) contribution to expanding understanding of contemporary American society, b) development and testing of social science models and theories, c) statistical and methodological sophistication, and d) clarity of writing and organization. Papers should be less than 40 pages in length (including tables, references, appendices, etc.) and should be double spaced.

Papers will be judged by the principal investigators of the GSS (James A. Davis and Tom W. Smith) with assistance from a group of leading scholars. Separate prizes will be awarded to the best undergraduate and best graduate-level entries. The winners will receive a cash prize of \$250, a commemorative plaque, and the MicroCase Analysis System, including data from the 1972–1994 GSSs (a \$1,395 value). The MicroCase software is donated by the MicroCase Corporation of Bellevue, Washington.

In addition, winning papers will be eligible for publication in the GSS Student Report Series. Honorable mentions may also be awarded by the judges.

Two copies of each paper must be received by February 15, 1996. The winner will be announced in April, 1996. Send entries to, or for further information contact: Tom W. Smith, General Social Survey, National Opinion Research Center, 1155 East 60th St., Chicago, IL 60637; phone: (312) 753-7877; fax: (312) 753-7886; or e-mail: nnrts1@uchimvs1.uchicago.edu.

Handbook of West European Political Science and Handbook of Central & East European Political Science

These *Handbooks*, produced by the European Consortium for Political Research, tell you (almost) everything you ever wanted to know about the organizations and people in political science in Europe. The *West European Handbook* runs to over 400 pages, covering all the specialisms within political science, and related disciplines such as psychology, history, economics, law, philosophy, and social administration. The *Central & East European Handbook* contains similar information and runs to nearly 150 pages.

More than 3,500 political scientists in departments spread across 18 West European countries, ranging from Austria and Norway to Italy and Iceland are included in the *West European Handbook*, while the *Central & East European Handbook* contains essential information about more than 1,200 political scientists in 123 political science departments spread across 18 countries, ranging from Hungary and Poland to Serbia and Kyrgyzstan.

Information for each entry covers: name of institution, address, telephone, fax numbers and e-mail addresses where applicable; name and address of contact person; publications (book series, journals, newsletters, occasional papers); a brief description of the institution, and members of the institution and their main teaching and research interests.

In an attempt to be as comprehensive as possible and to be inclusive rather than exclusive, terms are defined as broadly as possible. Political science is also broadly defined. The aim is to include all information which might be useful for political scientists. At the moment academic change can be rapid in central and east Europe and the boundaries between political science and related disciplines are less clearly drawn than in the West. Therefore, the *Central & East European Handbook* covers all the specialisms within political science, but also spreads over into economics, law, sociology, psychology, and history, journalism, and demography.

Like the *West European Handbook*, it includes both public institutions and private and/or profit making organizations concerned with research in politics. That is to say it includes both public sector organizations such as departments and centres of universities and other publicly funded organizations,

as well as private organizations. The latter include research and development companies, survey organizations, and commercial social research agencies.

Information about ordering may be obtained from: European Consortium for Political Research, Central Services, University of Essex, Wivenhoe Park, Colchester CO4 3SQ, Essex, England. Phone: +44 1206 87 2501; Fax: +44 1206 87 2500; e-mail: ecpr@essex.ac.uk.

Society for Research on Adolescence

The Society for Research on Adolescence (SRA) Social Policy Committee announces a call for nominations for SRA's two social policy awards: one for the best book and one for the best journal article that exemplify research on adolescence with implications for social policy. Books or articles that have been published since the 1994 SRA meeting (February 1994) are eligible. Nominated articles or books should focus on adolescence. Submissions could include policy-oriented research, program evaluations, or basic research whose results might inform policy or programs. Submission from a variety of disciplines are encouraged.

The SRA Policy Committee will review all nominations, and the winners will be announced at the 1996 SRA Biennial Meeting in Boston, Massachusetts. Criteria for selection are: 1) research knowledge and information should meet high standards; 2) policy issues should be substantive and timely; and 3) the work should reflect an integration or application of research toward a social policy issue, with the result that policy problems are clarified and solutions illustrated.

Nominations should be sent as soon as possible, but no later than December 20, 1995 to: Anthony Jackson, Program Officer, Carnegie Corporation of New York, 437 Madison Avenue, New York, NY 10022.

The Frank M. Covey, Jr., Loyola Lectures in Political Analysis

Loyola University Chicago is pleased to announce the twentieth annual Frank M. Covey, Jr., Loyola Lectures in Political Analysis. Intended as a forum for the development of normative political theory, this year's lectures will be delivered during the week of March 25–29, 1996, on the Lake Shore Campus of Loyola University. Bernard Yack,

Professor of Political Science at the University of Wisconsin, will lecture on "The Fetishism of Modernities: The Abuse of the Concept of Modernity in Modern Political Thought." The Covey Lectures are free and open to the public, and are published by the University of Notre Dame Press. For further information, please contact Robert Mayer in the Political Science Department at Loyola University Chicago, 6525 N. Sheridan Rd., Chicago IL 60626, or phone (312) 508-3057.

1996 NEH Summer Seminars for College Teachers

Mill and Tocqueville on Liberty and Democracy

Princeton University will host "Mill and Tocqueville on Liberty and Democracy," June 17–July 12. The program will be directed by Alan Ryan, Princeton University. The seminar will focus on Mill and Tocqueville, but also on the implications of their work, and on its origins. Information and application materials may be had by contacting Alan Ryan, Department of Politics, Princeton University, Corwin Hall, Princeton, NJ 08544-1012; or e-mail: ajryan@princeton.edu.

Morality and Society

Should abortion be understood as involving primarily a woman's right to choose or as symbolizing society's commitment to the sanctity of life? Ought we be more concerned about behavior that spreads AIDS or more concerned with protecting the privacy of those who are at risk for it? Does a community's religious belief that homosexuality is a sin override a school system's desire to reach respect for all individual lifestyles? Should we regulate private speech in order to uphold group dignity?

"Morality and Society" is an attempt to bring together college teachers, and others interested in the humanities, who want to explore the ways in which individual rights and societal obligations have been discussed by leading philosophers and sociological thinkers.

For this eight-week seminar, held June 10 through August 2 at Boston University, the NEH will provide participants with a \$4000 stipend. The deadline for applications is March 1, 1996; awards will be announced March 29. For further information, please write to Alan Wolfe, Department of Sociology, Boston University, Boston,

MA 02215; fax: (617) 353-4837; or e-mail: morsoc@bu.edu.

The Roots and Legacies of the American 1960s

The popular view of the "60s phenomenon" in the U.S. holds that the turbulence of the era arose quickly and unexpectedly out of the staid conformity of the 1950s. Commentators grope to "explain" the origins of the period by reference to such disparate causes as the assassination of JFK, fears of the threat of nuclear annihilation, the rise of permissive child-rearing practices or even the availability of "the pill." These "explanations" appeal because they are simple, straightforward and dramatic. But they are also profoundly ahistorical, substituting a kind of journalistic identification of popular causes for a more systematic examination of the historical trends that converged to produce the era's distinctive features. This summer seminar will focus specific attention on those long-term political, demographic, economic and cultural trends that seem especially significant in accounting for the general turbulence of the 1960s. For more information, write to: Doug McAdam, Department of Sociology, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ 85721.

New Departures in the Comparative Study of Revolution

Until the 1990s, studies of revolution were dominated by comparative/structural approaches, which derived their generalizations from a relatively small number of "great" revolutions. Focusing on societies with large agrarian populations and centralized bureaucratic states, these studies underplayed these revolutions' comparison with other types of revolution and with rebellions, mass movements and cycles of protest. They also left unexplored the political process within revolutionary cycles and have been criticized for ignoring the cultural frames within which they occurred and the new cultural that they created. This summer seminar will critically explore recent contributions to the comparative study of revolution which draw upon theories of social movements, political process and cultural approaches, including the role of gender, religion and ethnicity in revolutionary cycles. For more information, write or e-mail: Sidney Tarrow, Department of Government, Cornell University, Ithaca NY 14853-4601; e-mail: sgt2@cornell.edu.

Summer Institute in Political Psychology

The fifth annual Summer Institute in Political Psychology was held at The Ohio State University from July 17–August 11, 1995. The participants in this year's Institute represented 29 universities and 12 foreign countries. The seminar was again a great success, with four weeks filled with stimulating debate on topics of political psychology, informative workshops on research methods and lectures from the top political scientists and psychologists. In addition, the Institute welcomed Reid Hastie, University of Colorado; Milton Lodge, State University of New York at Stony Brook; Peter Carnevale, University of Illinois, Champaign-Urbana and Martha Crenshaw, Wesleyan University as Guest Specialists. The Institute offers its participants the opportunity to interact with a diverse gathering of political psychologists, while learning about the latest research and theoretical issues in the field.

The sixth annual Summer Institute in Political Psychology will take place at The Ohio State University in Columbus, Ohio, from July 14 through August 9, 1996. The Summer Institute is sponsored by the International Society of Political Psychology in collaboration with the Ohio State Departments of Political Science and Psychology and the Mershon Center. The Institute is designed to introduce participants to the major theories and research findings from psychology and political science used in political psychology as well as to help participants integrate information from the two fields and to provide them with opportunities to interact in an environment that fosters sharing perspectives and experiential learning. The Institute is intended for advanced graduate students in political science, psychology and related disciplines. Junior faculty and other professionals may also apply, especially those interested in an in-depth introduction to political psychology. Up to 55 participants will be admitted. For more information and application forms, contact Margaret Hermann, Mershon Center, Ohio State University, 1501 Neil Avenue, Columbus, OH 43201, or send an email message to dwituski@magnus.acs.ohio-state.edu.

The 1996 GSPM Summer Program

The Graduate School of Political Management of the George Washington

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University in Washington, DC, the nation's premier school of professional politics, announces its second Summer Program for college juniors, seniors, and recent college graduates.

The Summer Program offers a unique curriculum in the study and practice of campaign politics and issues management. Topics include political advertising, targeting, coalition-building, fundraising, ethics, and leadership. Those completing the coursework receive six hours of graduate credit, which can be transferred back to undergraduate colleges and universities.

Four mornings a week, students attend a lecture course, featuring professional consultants, elected and appointed officials, and political scientists from the Graduate School's extensive faculty and network of lecturers. Last summer's lecturers included (in alphabetical order) Christopher Arterton, Douglas Bailey, Pat Choate, James Pinkerton, Larry Sabato, and Lowell Weicker.

In the afternoons, evenings, (and sometimes late into the nights), students work in teams of six under the supervision of political professionals. They conduct field research, write a public opinion survey, stage a media event, and tape radio and television spots, all as part of the design and execution of a strategic plan. In 1995, eight "skills practicum" groups focused on four disputes of the day, with one group simulating political work on each side of two Virginia Senate campaigns and two policy issues before the Congress. Plans call for a similar mix of hot electoral and issues campaigns next summer.

Summer Program participants also attend special events representative of political life in the nation's capital. The 1995 students met with Sarah Brady of Handgun Control, Hal Bruno of ABC News, and Judith Martin ("Miss Manners"). They visited the headquarters of the National Rifle Association, attended a taping of "The McLaughlin Group," and had their own tables at a National Press Club luncheon featuring Lady Margaret Thatcher.

The dates and costs of the 1996 program were being finalized as this issue of *PS* went to press in September. (The 1995 session ran for six weeks, from mid-June until the end of July, at a price of \$4,975.) Admission is limited and extremely competitive. A minimum overall undergraduate grade point average of 3.0 (B) or better is required. Admission decisions are also based on writing samples, political and work experience, community service, and letters of recommendation. They are

made on a rolling basis, approximately three weeks after receipt of application.

To request application material and a complete description of the 1996 GSPM Summer Program, phone 800-367-4776 or 202-994-7908. Or write: The Graduate School of Political Management, 1996 Summer Program, 801 22nd Street, NW, #T-412, Washington, DC 20052.

Research Group on Comparative Gender Politics

Sixteen scholars from 9 countries make up the new Research Network on Gender, Politics, and the State. Known by the acronym RNGS, the network was formed at the Joint Workshop on Comparative State Feminism held at Rijks Universiteit Leiden July 5-7, 1995 sponsored by the Leiden University Department of Women's Studies and NSF Cooperative Science Program Grant.

Over the next 5 years, RNGS plans to conduct a cross-national study of women's policy offices—ministries, bureaus, commissions, and the like—in post industrial democracies. This research will build upon the findings in *Comparative State Feminism* (Stetson & Mazur 1995). The goal is to examine the offices' capability of making stable democracies more democratic by increasing the political representation of women. A central RNGS project will be to describe and explain cross-national patterns of the role of femocrats and policy offices in gendering policy debates and the impact on the participation of gender-conscious activists.

Members of RNGS wish to identify anyone interested in working on this research agenda in any of the 23 countries identified as post-industrial democracies. For further information contact: Dorothy McBride Stetson, Department of Political Science, Florida Atlantic University, Boca Raton, FL 33431; phone: (407) 367-3213; e-mail: stetsond@acc.fau.edu or Joyce Outshoorn, Department of Women's Studies, Rijks Universiteit Leiden, P.O. Box 9555, 2300 RB Leiden, The Netherlands; phone: 31-71-273600; fax: 31-71-273619.

Political Science Manuscripts

Political Science Manuscripts (PSM) is now on-line. PSM is a project to distribute political science scholarship on the internet. PSM is maintained by William J. Ball at Trenton State College.

PSM is in its initial phase, collecting

and publishing abstracts of manuscripts with links back to the manuscripts themselves. The works abstracted can include political science scholarship in all forms: paper or electronic, published or unpublished. PSM is a World Wide Web server; using it requires a Web browser with form capabilities. Abstracts are located through a simple search feature. Abstracts can be submitted by filling out a form on-line. The works abstracted will be verified for their existence, completeness, and relevance to political science scholarship—they will not be evaluated for quality.

PSM will be able to archive complete manuscripts in the near future. Until then, PSM will emphasize the collection of abstracts, particularly for works that are hard to locate through existing abstract services. Thus PSM is a particularly good place to inform others about conference papers. If you would like to store a manuscript on PSM, contact Bill Ball with the details.

PSM is supported by the Department of Information Management of Trenton State College. It can be found at: <http://www.trenton.edu/~psm>.

Feel free to send comments on the project—and of course to submit abstracts! Bill Ball, Department of Political Science, Trenton State College, Trenton, NJ 08650-4700; phone: (609) 771-2747; e-mail: ball@trenton.edu.

Political Research Quarterly On the Web

The *Political Research Quarterly*, official publication of the Western Political Science Association, announces a new home page. The address for the PRQ's home page is: <http://osiris.colorado.edu/~prq/prq.html>.

The home page provides titles and abstracts of forthcoming articles, information about submissions and subscriptions, announcements, and the like. The PRQ is a general political science journal that publishes articles in all sub-fields of political science, and is open to all serious scholarship that seeks to further discourse in political science, regardless of subject matter, epistemology, or methodology. In the past several years, we have had an average turn-around from submission to decision of about 80 calendar days.

Program in Democratization

The Center for Presidential Studies at Texas A&M University has established a new Program in Democratization.

Democratization is conceived as the ongoing process through which people establish and maintain substantive control over the conditions of their life within a political community. The purpose of the Program is to promote interdisciplinary research into the factors conducive both to the establishment of democratic institutions and to their continuing contribution to popular control.

In addition to supporting research by Texas A&M faculty and graduate students, the Program will sponsor workshops and conferences, develop an archive of data and case studies on democratization, and distribute a series of working papers by fellows of the program. The program will be coordinated by James Burk and Edward B. Portis. For further information and a list of available papers, contact Edward B. Portis, Department of Political Science, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX 77843.

Party Developments

The Center for Party Development (Washington, D.C.) and the Ray C. Bliss Institute of Applied Politics (Akron, Ohio) have joined forces to fill a need in the field of party politics. *Party Developments* is a newsmagazine that focuses on current news about political parties from an organizational and institutional perspective. This includes reports on the United States party system, party systems around the world, and transnational parties. With respect to the U.S. party system, reports provide news about party developments in Congress, the courts, the Federal Election Commission, state systems, and party organizations at all levels. A section of the 24-page publication is devoted to the findings of pertinent scholarship. *Party Developments* fills a void in the popular press by its coherent and readable news reportage. It is particularly dedicated to the professionaliza-

tion of party politics. For more information contact the Center for Party Development, c/o Bliss Institute, University of Akron, Akron, OH 44325-1904.

Southern Politics Home Page

Political scientists looking for a resource base for work on Southern politics may now turn to a new site on the World Wide Web. John C. Kuzenski, department of government, Southeastern Louisiana University has released the Southern Politics Home Page for general retrieval at <http://users.aol.com/sluprof/sopol>. While of special interest to scholars of Southern politics, the home page includes a number of links which should be of some interest to both American generalists and interdisciplinary scholars as well.