

## NEWS AND NOTES

### PERSONAL AND MISCELLANEOUS

*Compiled by the Managing Editor*

**Committees of the American Political Science Association, 1943.** The membership of the various committees of the Association in the year 1942 was published on pages 124–127 of the February, 1943, number of the REVIEW. All of these committees, except those whose work has been completed, have been reappointed by President Robert E. Cushman for the year 1943. Appointment of a Committee on Program for the Annual Meeting of 1943 is awaiting decision of the Executive Council concerning the policy to be adopted with respect to such a meeting. President Cushman has appointed a Committee on Nomination of Officers for 1944 consisting of Professors James Hart (University of Virginia), *chairman*, Thomas S. Barclay (Stanford University), Charles M. Kneier (University of Illinois), Frederick A. Middlebush (University of Missouri), and Thomas Reed Powell (Harvard University). Professor Arthur N. Holcombe and Dr. Roland Young, both of Harvard University, and Dr. Robert D. Leigh, of the Bureau of the Budget, have been added to the Committee on American Legislatures and Legislative Methods with Particular Reference to Congress. Professors J. P. Comer (Williams College) and Thomas I. Cook (University of Washington) are new members of the Committee on Regional and Functional Societies. Professors Phillips Bradley (Queens College) and Francis G. Wilson (University of Illinois) and Mr. Joseph McLean (Social Science Research Council) have been added to the Committee on Research, while Professor Benjamin E. Lippincott (University of Minnesota) has retired from the same. Dr. Hilda Watters (West Illinois State Teachers College) has been appointed to the Committee on the Social Studies. The Committee on the Library of Political Thought has two new members, namely, Professors John D. Lewis (Oberlin College) and Rene D. Williamson (Davidson College). Because of the growing importance of the publication program of the U. S. Department of State, the Committee on Publications of the Department of State has been increased to five members. The newly organized committee includes Professors Charles E. Martin (University of Washington), *chairman*, Edmund A. Walsh (Georgetown University), W. Reed West (George Washington University), and Herbert Wright (Catholic University of America). A new committee on Inter-American Relations, under the chairmanship of Professor Russell H. Fitzgibbon (University of California at Los Angeles), has been appointed. President Frederick A. Middlebush (University of Missouri) has consented to serve as chairman of the Committee on the Relations of the American Political Science Association and the Social Science Research Council.

At the University of Chicago, Professor-emeritus Charles E. Merriam again offered his course on American political theories during the spring quarter. Professor Quincy Wright is giving half-time to the Office of Lend-Lease Administration.

At Ohio State University, Professor H. Schuyler Foster has been given a six-months leave of absence for work with the Division of Research and Publications, U. S. Department of State.

Professor John D. Lewis, of Oberlin College, has been awarded a Guggenheim Fellowship and will spend the coming year in work on a book on trends in American political thought and institutions since 1900.

During the second semester at New York University, Dr. Marshall E. Dimock, Assistant Deputy War Shipping Administrator, gave ten lectures on public management. During the first semester, he lectured on government corporations.

On May 5, 6, and 7, Professor Edward S. Corwin, of Princeton University, delivered the annual Edward Douglass White Lectures on Citizenship at Louisiana State University on the subject of "Total War and the Constitution." The lectures will later be published by the Louisiana State University Press.

Dr. William Lonsdale Taylor, formerly assistant professor of international relations in the Maxwell Graduate School of Citizenship and Public Affairs, Syracuse University, has been appointed principal historical specialist with the Board of Economic Warfare, Washington, D. C.

Professor Leonard D. White, of the University of Chicago, has resigned as editor-in-chief of the *Public Administration Review*, quarterly journal of the American Society for Public Administration. Mr. Gordon R. Clapp, general manager of the Tennessee Valley Authority, has succeeded to the position, with Mr. Don K. Price, who from the beginning has served as managing editor, retaining the same position. Professor White remains a member of the *Review's* editorial board.

Professor Floyd W. Reeves has returned from his official duties in Washington to full-time work at the University of Chicago. He, however, retains consulting responsibilities in connection with the National Resources Planning Board.

Professor Charles H. Titus, who has been in active service as a Lieutenant Colonel in the Signal Corps in Australia and New Guinea, has returned to the University of California at Los Angeles.

Mr. Paul Kelso, lecturer in political science at the University of Cal-

ifornia at Los Angeles, has left the department for service as a Second Lieutenant in the Army Air Corps.

Professor Malbone W. Graham delivered a lecture at Berkeley in the annual series of lectures on international relations presented in March and April on that campus of the University of California.

Professors J. A. C. Grant, Charles Grove Haines, Russell H. Fitzgibbon, and Malbone W. Graham participated in a conference held in Los Angeles April 10 and 11, under the chairmanship of Judge Manley O. Hudson, for the purpose of discussing postwar problems. The conference was participated in by various southern California educators, lawyers, and public men.

At the state-wide election held in Missouri on April 6, Professor William L. Bradshaw, of the University of Missouri, was elected delegate-at-large to the forthcoming state constitutional convention. Fifteen delegates-at-large and sixty-eight district delegates were chosen.

After completing a year of service at the University of Wisconsin as lecturer in political science, Professor J. B. Shannon, of the University of Kentucky, has become head of the section of legislative analysis in the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Professor Smith Simpson, of the University of Pennsylvania, is serving as senior divisional assistant in the Division of Political Studies in the U. S. Department of State.

Professor George B. Noble, of Reed College, is chairman of the Twelfth Regional War Labor Board, with headquarters at Seattle.

Dr. Spencer Albright is at present an instructor in maps and charts at the University of Washington.

Professor Charles B. Hagan, on leave from the University of Illinois, will remain at Harvard University a second year.

The Pennsylvania Political Science and Public Administration Association cancelled its annual spring meeting because of the war situation. President Charles C. Rohlfs announced that the annual elections would be held by mail ballot.

Professor J. Roland Pennock, of Swarthmore College, has been assisting Professor Philip C. Jessup in the Lehman office in Washington, but returns to the College about July 1.

Professor G. Homer Durham, of Swarthmore College, is serving as an educational associate in the Institute of Local and State Government at

the University of Pennsylvania and is supervising the field research of the Fels scholars in the Wharton School.

Professor John Brown Mason, of Fresno State College, has been awarded a Social Science Research Council grant-in-aid for completion of his study, "The Free City of Danzig, 1919-1939."

A conference on "The Meaning of Postwar Problems in Education" was held April 2-3 at Princeton University under the auspices of the Harvard Graduate School of Education, the Princeton Surveys, and the National Foundation for Education. Speakers and leaders were Professors William S. Carpenter, Edward S. Corwin, J. Douglas Brown, Edward M. Earle, Frank A. Fetter, Alvin H. Hansen, and Alfred D. Simpson, Mr. Norman F. S. Russell, Deans Christian Gauss and Henry W. Holmes, and President Harold W. Dodds.

At the University of Washington, Professors T. I. Cook and Spencer Albright have been given leave of absence for the duration. The former is with the War Labor Board; the latter is serving with the Army Air Corps. Professors Kenneth C. Cole and Linden A. Mander have been retained by the 12th Regional War Labor Board for intermittent duties on labor panels. The former is chairman of the aircraft committee administering various parts of the Boeing decision.

On June 17-27, the Summer Institute for Social Progress, commonly convened at Wellesley College, held its 1943 session at Briarcliff Junior College, New York. The general theme was "Issues Today Determining Democracy Tomorrow," and the topics discussed had to do with problems of the home front in relation to the war effort and the possibility of a just peace.

The Council on Books in War-time, an organization of publishers of trade books, librarians, and booksellers, is actively promoting the important books on problems of the war and of the peace, working through libraries, bookstores, radio programs, and news releases. Mr. James Van Toor, vice-president and manager of the college department of Farrar and Rinehart, has received leave of absence from his firm to serve as executive director of the Council. The address is 400 Madison Avenue, New York City.

In addition to approving a special rate of three dollars a year for members of the American Political Science Association engaged in military service, the Executive Council of the Association has endorsed a plan under which chairmen and senior members of political science departments agree to be responsible for the dues of younger members of their

departments in instances where such arrangements seem necessary. It is hoped that there will be general coöperation in the scheme.

Dr. Yang Yung-ching, president of Soochow University, one time private secretary to Dr. Wellington Koo, is, during the current academic year, the visiting professor of Chinese civilization on the Tallman Foundation at Bowdoin College. In addition to offering courses on Chinese government, he gave, during the month of April, three lectures on the following topics: "China and Russia;" "China and Great Britain;" "China and the United States."

Count Carlo Sforza spent the period May 2-21 on the campus of the University of Wisconsin, lecturing, meeting with classes, and conducting round-tables. His topics ranged widely over the field of international affairs, with emphasis on problems of postwar reconstruction.

With the aid of a grant from the Rockefeller Foundation, the American Library Association is establishing a Washington office of the Association's International Relations Board, with a director who will supervise the Association's international activities, maintain contacts with government officials and organizations, and continue planning for library participation in international cultural relations. Two major projects are at present under way—one concerned with postwar aid to libraries in war areas, the other with the sending of books and periodicals now to Latin American libraries. The former, in its third year, and operating under grants from the Rockefeller Foundation, is purchasing current files of American scholarly periodicals to help foreign libraries restock their shelves after the war. The Books for Latin America Project is operating under a grant from the Government and is engaged in supplying books by United States authors to the libraries of other American republics. The office acts also as a procurement agency for books and related materials which are being sent to the cultural institutions in Latin American countries, and is co-operating with the Coördinator of Inter-American Affairs in a project for sending to Latin America certain books and periodicals which are being donated for the purpose.

The request of the Department of State for funds for printing in the 1944 fiscal year was recently pared down \$40,000 by the House of Representatives in line with the report of the House Appropriations Committee suggesting that the printing of the regular *Foreign Relations* volumes and the Paris Peace Conference volumes could be deferred until after the war. The funds have been requested for the three 1931 *Foreign Relations* volumes, which are now being compiled, and for Volumes XI to XIV inclusive of the Peace Conference series, some of which are also in the early stages of compilation. The loss of the funds would make it

impossible for the Department to maintain the fourteen-year gap in the publication of the annual *Foreign Relations* volumes—a gap which is just now being achieved through the issuance of some of the 1928 material in 1942 and the expected appearance of the 1929 volumes this year. It would also delay the work on the Peace Conference series. After the passage of the appropriation bill by the House, the Department of State requested the Senate Appropriations Committee to give consideration to the restoration of the amount involved. Similarly, the House of Representatives omitted from the appropriation bill for 1944 the entire amount, \$14,000, requested for continuation by the Department of State of the work on the *Territorial Papers of the United States*. If the Senate does not reconsider this decision, the *Territorial Papers* staff in the Department's Division of Research and Publication will be disbanded on June 30 of the present year and only one of the several volumes now in process, the second volume on Michigan Territory, can be completed. The original request of the Department of State for printing and binding for the year 1944, as it passed the Bureau of the Budget, was for \$288,000. The reduction in this amount by the House of Representatives leaves it at \$248,000. The original estimate as passed by the Bureau of the Budget included virtually no leeway for such unanticipated items as the large pamphlet on *Peace and War* issued a few months ago. Therefore, the cut will be a very serious crippling of the publication program unless the item is reinstated by the Senate.