NEIL F. GARVEY, University of Illinois, Urbana, retired from the department in August, 1967.

CHARLES B. HAGAN, University of Illinois, retired in June, 1967.

CHARLES B. JUDAH, University of New Mexico, retired on June 30, 1967 after twenty years of service.

JAMES K. POLLOCK, Murfin Professor of Political Science, University of Michigan, retired in June.

ROY E. SHERMAN, has retired from the University of Akron after 38 years of service. He will become a professor at the College of Emporia in September, 1967.

CARL B. SWISHER, Johns Hopkins University, retired in June.

RALPH M. WADE, has retired as professor of political science at the University of Wyoming.

Francis G. Wilson, retired in June from the University of Illinois. He will teach at Long Island University, Greenvale, N.Y.

IN MEMORIAM

CARL L. HEYERDAHL, Professor Emeritus of Political Science, Purdue University, died in Yuma, Arizona, on December 30, 1966. His first appointment at Purdue University was as instructor of history and economics in 1928. He advanced through the ranks of assistant and associate professor and in March of 1966, the Board of Trustees bestowed the title of Professor Emeritus of Political Science upon him. During his final years on the faculty he served in a variety of positions at the departmental and school level. In these assignments his stability and strength of character were particularly prized by younger colleagues who sought him out for counsel on both academic and personal matters.—PURDUE UNIVERSITY.

JOHN HALVOR LEEK, David Ross Boyd professor emeritus of government, University of Oklahoma, died February 14, 1967, at the age of 70, following a long illness. He is survived by his sister, Norma Leek, 478 College, Norman, Oklahoma.

A native of Batavia, Illinois, Professor Leek received his advanced training at James Millikin University, A.B., 1920; the University of Illinois, A.M., 1921; and the University of Pennsylvania, Ph.D., 1925. His teaching career subsequently was devoted to the University of Oklahoma from the time of his appointment as assistant professor of government in 1925.

He will always be affectionately remembered and revered by his students and colleagues as a superb teacher—rigorous, systematic, and interesting. He had broad cultural interests, which unobtrusively enriched his contribution to countless students of his classes in American National Government, American Constitutional Law, and Government and Labor. In addition to his fields of specialization, he always maintained a specialized interest and appreciation in the fields of American biography and political history, and music. He was an activist in the civil rights field.

In 1949, the evaluation of Professor Leek as a teacher, manifest by the actions of students and colleagues, was recognized by his university, with his appointment as David Ross Boyd professor—a distinguished professorship, honoring vigorous performance and leadership in teaching and guidance of students.

His published works included: Legislative Reference Work, A Comparative Study, 1925; Principles and Functions of Government in the United States (co-author), 1948; and Government and Labor in the United States, 1952, as well as articles in professional journals, and literally hundred of book reviews in local newspapers.—Joseph C. Pray.

LINDEN ALFRED MANDER, Professor of Political Science at the University of Washington died on April 2, 1967 at the age of 70, two months short of his scheduled retirement in June. Professor Mander arrived in Seattle from his native Australia in 1928, and served the University with unmatched devotion to both his students and the civic community from that time until his death.

His contribution to the interests of the "civic community" deserves separate mention because his involvement in what has been called "continuing education" both antedated his connection with the University and would have postdated it had he lived to fulfill arrangements already entered into before his death. He was active in the Worker's Education movement of the Twenties while still a student at Adelaide, and he would have continued his highly successful University Conversation series on TV appearances on local channel 9 had he lived beyond his allotted three score and ten.

Mander's principal teaching interest was international organization, a subject writ large in portent within the span of his active career by the institution of two ostensible Parliaments of Mankind. And he responded to the intellectual challenge of these events with a combination of opti-

mistic faith and scholarly integrity which his students in particular, and the reading public in general, will long remember with affection and respect.

But I suspect those who knew him best will cherish most fondly the memory of a truly generous colleague who played the role of Christian gentleman to perfection precisely because he was one. It is, therefore, supremely fitting that a memorial fund to be used for scholarships has already been set up, largely at the spontaneous suggestion of his grateful graduate students—a gesture which testifies far more eloquently than mere words to the profound impact of his life's work on its most immediate beneficiaries.—Kenneth C. Cole

EARL C. SEGREST, a member of the Department of Government at Sacramento State College since 1950, died on April 9, 1967. He had been recently promoted to a full 'professorship.

James A. Storing, Professor of Political Science, Dean of the Faculty, and Provost of Colgate University, died suddenly of a heart attack February 9, 1967, at the age of 61. Born in Slater, Iowa, July 20, 1905, he received his A.B. at Iowa State Teachers College, taught in Iowa public schools, and earned his graduate degrees at the State University of Iowa. In 1938 he came to Colgate University, which he served devotedly to the end of his life. For many years a leading member of the faculty he was appointed dean in 1961 and provost in 1964. In these administrative posts he astutely guided the university's recent academic innovations and growth.

Dean Storing's contributions to scholarship, professional societies, and public service were numerous and distinguished. He was author of a recent volume on Norwegian Democracy, and coauthor of Men, Groups, and the Community. His articles and monographs reflected wide-ranging interests. Actively engaged in educational and public affairs, he served as Director of the American Institutes of Indian Studies, Chairman of the General Education Committee of the Association for Higher Education, and member of the national council of A.A.U.P. During the war he served with U.N.R.R.A., and in his local community of Hamilton, N.Y. he held offices on the Village Board, and as President of the Board of Education.

He is sorely missed by colleagues, students, and friends, who remember him with deep affection.—Edgar L. Shor.

WILLIAM S. STOKES, Senior Professor of Comparative Political Institutions at Claremont Men's College, died on April 23, 1967.

Professor Stokes graduated from elementary

and high schools in Montebello, California and secured his bachelor and and doctor's degrees from the University of California at Los Angeles. He was an instructor and assistant professor at Northwestern from 1943 to 1946 and an associate professor and full professor at the University of Wisconsin from 1946 to 1958. He was a visiting professor at Berkeley from 1951 to 1952 and came to Claremont Men's College in 1958.

Professor Stokes was the author of a widely used Latin American textbook and of *Honduras*, an Area Study in Government. He contributed numerous chapters to edited books and a tremendous number of articles to various learned journals. Along with these activities, he managed to give a substantial fraction of his time to his students, both graduate and undergraduate.

He also had an exciting career in fields outside the strictly academic. He was a guest lecturer at the National War College on a number of occasions and served as a professor there for the year 1962-63. In this capacity he traveled considerably in Africa, Asia and Europe and developed a deep appreciation of the quality of the people in the State Department, and "Intelligence Community" and other federal agencies dealing with international relations.

He was for several years Chairman of the Committee on Latin American Affairs of the American Political Science Association. For a period of time he served as commentator at Station WGN in Chicago.

His colleagues all share a deep sense of loss in the death of this vital and dynamic man.— George C. S. Benson, Claremont Men's College

Rocco J. Tresolini died of a cerebral hemorrhage 27 June at the age of 47. He devoted the greater part of his professional career to promoting a humanistic study of American public law with special emphasis on decisions of the U.S. Supreme Court concerning civil liberties. He consistently attempted to expand the audience for these subjects; and in recent years he worked hard to promote the teaching of constitutional law and civil liberties in the high schools. Always, he tried to write to interest the general reader as well as the scholar. Author or editor of seven books and many articles, he once remarked, "Sometimes I think that for a professor to write in a manner that the lay public cannot understand is a form of intellectual snobbery. It has been my ambition to write as well as I can, so that I cannot be criticized too much professionally, but at the same time to put together a book that the reader may enjoy."

He received his baccalaureate from Hartwick College in 1942 and his doctorate from Syracuse