NOTES FOR CONTRIBUTORS

Contributions for publication, accompanied by a covering letter, should be addressed to The Editors, Geological Magazine, Department of Earth Sciences. Downing Street, Cambridge CB2 3EQ, England, or may be submitted through a member of the Editorial Board (addresses inside front cover). Rapid Communications should be clearly marked as such on the envelope. Submission implies that the manuscript has not been published previously nor currently submitted for publication elsewhere. Upon acceptance of a manuscript, the author will be asked to transfer copyright to the publisher.

All contributions, whether articles, correspondence or reviews, must be sent in triplicate and typed on one side of the paper, with wide margins and double-line spacing throughout, with a font size no smaller than 12 point Times equivalent. Any minor corrections should be made neatly in the typescript, leaving the margins clear. Authors are encouraged to provide the final version of the contribution on disk (PC or Mac format, 'Word' or 'Wordperfect') in addition to the paper copies. Contributions should follow the general style of papers in recent issues of the Magazine. The author is invited to nominate up to five possible referees, who will not necessarily be used.

Articles must be accompanied by a brief, informative rather than indicative, abstract. Headings should be set out clearly but not underlined. Primary headings should be in lower case, at margin, with arabic numeral; subheadings should be numbered 2.a., 2.b., etc., and tertiary headings 2.a.1., 2.a.2. No cross-references should be given by page number, but 'above' and 'below' should be used with the section specified, e.g. Section 2.a.2. The SI system of units should be used. Avoid acronyms. The author should mark in the margin of the manuscript where figures and tables may be inserted. References to points in larger works should, where possible, quote the page reference, e.g. Ager, 1981, p. 102. Authors alone are responsible for the correctness of their references. Use 'et al.' in the text only when there are four or more authors.

Rapid Communications should follow the style of articles and must be no more than four printed pages of the Magazine (approximately 5000 word-equivalents) including an abstract of no more than 100 words. These contributions will be dealt with by a streamlined schedule and should appear within six months from receipt. To meet this schedule, authors will be required to make revisions with minimal delay.

Discussions of papers which have already appeared in the Magazine are welcomed, subject to the four-page limit.

Tables should be typed with double-line spacing on sheets separate from the running text. Each table must have a caption that will make the data in the table intelligible without reference to the text.

Illustrations should be submitted at final publication size, and separate parts should be labelled with lower-case letters, e.g. Figure 6a, b, c. The

author's name and figure number should be clearly marked on the back of each piece of artwork. Please draft figures for printing at either single column (80 mm) or double column (169 mm) width. The height of figure can vary in either width up to full print area height (240 mm). Illustrations should have scale bars, not 'x 40'. Redrafting may be required by the editors if major savings in print area can be achieved without loss of information. Detailed maps or multiple logs may well require a whole page and the size of the lettering should match the necessary reduction. Where necessary break a figure into two facing pages; folding figures will not be accepted. Landscape figures should have no lettering upside down on the final printed page. Avoid where possible gross disparities in lettering size on the drawing. Boxes of ornament should be explained within the figure, not in the caption. When designing ornament for computer-drawn line diagrams, use the ranges 10-60% tint and 60-120 dpi (= lpi) for best results. Figures composed of photographs should be glossy prints presented at publication scale. Each component part should be named with a lower-case letter and given a scale bar. Photographic artwork is numbered as part of the sequence of figures, not as separate plates. The Magazine will be able to publish a limited number of free colour plates each year; the editors will decide which plates to accept on their scientific merit. Authors submitting colour plates are asked to give detailed reasons why colour is necessary. Duplicates of illustrations should be sent, and may be prints or, preferably, photocopies reduced to final size. Figure captions must be typed with double-line spacing on sheets separate from the running text.

References must be double-spaced and spelt out in full, e.g.

BROOKS, M. & JAMES, D. G. 1975. The geological results of seismic refraction surveys in the Bristol Channel, 1970–73. *Journal of the Geological Society, London* 131, 163–82.

Books should be cited as:

AGER, D. V. 1981. The Nature of the Stratigraphical Record, 2nd ed. London: Macmillan, 122 pp.

BOTT, M. H. P. 1973. The evolution of the Atlantic north of the Faroe Islands. In *Implications of Continental Drift to the Earth Sciences*, vol. 1 (eds D. H. Tarling and S. N. Runcorn), pp. 175–89. London, New York: Academic Press.

Unpublished work should normally be referred to in the text in parentheses as, for example, 'private communication' or 'unpub. Ph.D. thesis, Univ. London, 1988', and not included in the reference list unless in the press.

Fifty offprints of each paper will be provided free of charge. Additional offprints may be purchased according to a set scale of charges if ordered when the proofs are returned.



VOLUME 133

NUMBER 3

MAY 1996

GeologicalMagazine

CONTENTS

CONTENTS	
The tectono-metamorphic evolution of a dismembered ophiolite (Tinos, Cyclades, Greece) KATZIR, Y., MATTHEWS, A., GARFUNKEL, Z., SCHLIESTEDT, M. & AVIGAD, D.	237–254
Pliocene-Quaternary sedimentation in the Northern Apennine Foredeep and related denudation BARTOLINI, C., CAPUTO, R. & PIERI, M.	255–273
The Kula Volcanic Field, western Turkey: the development of a Holocene alkali basalt province and the adjacent normal-faulting graben RICHARDSON-BUNBURY, J. M.	275–283
Pluton emplacement by wall-rock thrusting, hanging-wall translation and extensional collapse: latest Devonian plutons of the Cobequid fault zone, Nova Scotia, Canada	
KOUKOUVELAS, I., PE-PIPER, G. & PIPER, D.J.W.	285-298
On the first partial skull of an ankylosaurian dinosaur from the Lower Cretaceous of the Isle of Wight, southern England NORMAN, D. B. & FAIERS, T.	299–310
Zircon geochronology of anatectic melts and residues from a high-grade pelitic assemblage at Ihosy, southern Madagascar: evidence for Pan-African granulite metamorphism	
KRÖNER, A., BRAUN, I. & JAECKEL, P.	311–323
Age and significance of Upper Cretaceous siliciclastic turbidites in the central Pindos Mountains, Greece	225 221
WAGREICH, M., PAVLOPOULOS, A., FAUPL, P. & MIGIROS, G.	325-331
Single zircon evaporation ages constraining the growth of the Archaean Aravalli craton, northwestern Indian shield ROY, A. B. & KRÖNER, A.	333-342
	333-342
RAPID COMMUNICATION The graptolite nema: problem to all our solutions	
RICKARDS, R. B.	343-346
DISCUSSION Discussion on chemostratigraphy of predominantly siliciclastic Neoproterozoic successions: a case study of the Pocatello Formation and Lower Brigham	
Group, Idaho, USA Comment: G. SHIELDS	347-348
Reply: L. H. SMITH, A. J. KAUFMAN, A. H. KNOLL & P. K. LINK	348-349
REVIEWS	351-362
PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED	363
NOTICES	364

Printed in Great Britain by the University Press, Cambridge



