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MARCO ABBADINI, *On the Axiomatisability of the Dual of Compact Ordered Spaces*, Università degli studi di Milano, Italy, 2021. Supervised by Vincenzo Marra. MSC: Primary 06F30, Secondary 06D50, 18C05. Keywords: Nachbin, duality, equational axiomatisation, variety of algebras, monadic, lattice-ordered monoids, Mundici, MV-monoidal algebras, Vietoris.

Abstract

We prove that the category of Nachbin's compact ordered spaces and order-preserving continuous maps between them is dually equivalent to a variety of algebras, with operations of at most countable arity. Furthermore, we observe that the countable bound on the arity is the best possible: the category of compact ordered spaces is not dually equivalent to any variety of finitary algebras. Indeed, the following stronger results hold: the category of compact ordered spaces is not dually equivalent to (i) any finitely accessible category, (ii) any first-order definable class of structures, and (iii) any class of finitary algebras closed under products and subalgebras. An explicit equational axiomatisation of the dual of the category of compact ordered spaces is obtained; in fact, we provide a finite one, meaning that our description uses only finitely many function symbols and finitely many equational axioms. In preparation for the latter result, we establish a generalisation of a celebrated theorem by Mundici: our result—whose proof is independent of Mundici's theorem—asserts that the category of unital commutative distributive lattice-ordered monoids is equivalent to the category of what we call MV-monoidal algebras.

Abstract taken directly from the thesis.

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JEFFREY BERGFALK, *Dimensions of Ordinals: Set Theory, Homology Theory, and the First Omega Alephs*, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, USA, 2018. Supervised by Justin Tatch Moore. MSC: 03E04, 55N05 (primary); 03E35, 18A25, 55N07, 03E75, 18G10, 18G20, 55N40. Keywords: ordinal, derived limit, Čech cohomology, minimal walks, strong homology, additivity.

Abstract

We describe an organizing framework for the study of infinitary combinatorics. This framework is Čech cohomology. It describes ZFC principles distinguishing among the ordinals of the form ω_n . More precisely, this framework correlates each ω_n with an $(n + 1)$ -dimensional generalization of Todorčević’s walks technique, and begins to account for that technique’s “unreasonable effectiveness” on ω_1 .

We show in contrast that on higher cardinals κ , the existence of these principles is frequently independent of the ZFC axioms. Finally, we detail implications of these phenomena for the computation of strong homology groups and higher derived limits, deriving independence results in algebraic topology and homological algebra, respectively, in the process.

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LUCA CARAI, *New Directions in Duality Theory for Modal Logic*, New Mexico State University, USA, 2021. Supervised by Guram Bezhanishvili. MSC: Primary 03B45, 06F25; Secondary 03B44, 54C30. Keywords: compact Hausdorff space, continuous relation, Gödel translation, intuitionistic logic, modal logic, tense logic.

Abstract

In this work we present some new contributions towards two different directions in the study of modal logic. First we employ tense logics to provide a temporal interpretation of intuitionistic quantifiers as “always in the future” and “sometime in the past.” This is achieved by modifying the Gödel translation and resolves an asymmetry between the standard interpretation of intuitionistic quantifiers.

Then we generalize the classic Gelfand–Naimark–Stone duality between compact Hausdorff spaces and uniformly complete bounded archimedean ℓ -algebras to a duality encompassing compact Hausdorff spaces with continuous relations. This leads to the notion of modal operators on bounded archimedean ℓ -algebras and in particular on rings of continuous real-valued functions on compact Hausdorff spaces. This new duality is also a generalization of the classic Jónsson–Tarski duality in modal logic.

Abstract taken directly from the thesis.
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COLIN JAHEL, *Some Progress on the Unique Ergodicity Problem*, Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1, Villeurbanne, France, 2021. Supervised by Lionel Nguyen Van Thé and Todor Tsankov. MSC: Primary 37B05; Secondary 22F50, 03C15, 43A07. Keywords: Amenability, unique ergodicity, dynamics of topological groups, Fraïssé limits.

Abstract

This thesis is at the intersection of dynamics, probability and model theory. It focuses on a specialization of the notion of amenability: unique ergodicity.

Let G be a Polish group, i.e., a topological group whose topology is separable and completely metrizable. We call a G -flow the action of G on a compact space. A G -flow is said to be minimal if every orbit is dense.

A famous theorem of Ellis states that any Polish group G admits a unique universal minimal flow that we denote $M(G)$. This means that for any minimal G -flow X there is a surjective G -map from $M(G)$ to X . G is said to be amenable if every G -flow admits an invariant probability measure, and uniquely ergodic if every minimal flow admits a unique invariant probability measure.