

sentatives; **Lee H. Hamilton**, U.S. House of Representatives

Roundtable on Bill Clinton: First Appraisals of Foreign Policy and the Foreign Policy Process

Chair: **Bert A. Rockman**, University of Pittsburgh

Participants: **Herbert Dittgen**, Georg-August Universitaet; **Fred I. Greenstein**, Princeton University; **Thomas E. Mann**, The Brookings Institution; **Pietro S. Nivola**, The Brookings Institution; **Robert D. Putnam**, Harvard University

Feminist Perspectives on Hannah Arendt

Chair: **Kirstie M. McClure**, Johns Hopkins University

Papers: "Post-Colonial Orders: From Africa to Little Rock," **Anne Norton**, University of Texas-Austin; "Language and the Body in Arendt and Kristeva," **Linda Zerilli**, Rutgers University; "The Pariah and Her Shadow: On the Invisibility of Women in Hannah Arendt's Political Philosophy," **Seyla Benhabib**, New School for Social Research. Discussants: **Lisa Disch**, University of Minnesota; **Bonnie Honig**, Harvard University

Association Distributes Annual Awards

Dissertations submitted by the University of California, Berkeley, won two of eight dissertation awards presented at the Awards Ceremony at the Annual Meeting September 2. James D. Fearon, now at the University of Chicago, was presented the Helen Dwight Reid Award in the field of international relations, law and politics; Meta Mendel-Reyes, currently at Swarthmore College, was the recipient of the Leo Strauss Award in the field of political philosophy. Kenneth Waltz and Hanna Pitkin were the respective dissertation chairs.

Other dissertation winners were Daniel M. Green, Indiana University, the Gabriel A. Almond Award in the field of comparative politics, Patrick O'Meara of Indiana University dissertation chair; Grant D. Reeher,



Theda Skocpol (R) receives the Woodrow Wilson Foundation Award from Charles Hamilton (L).



Barbara Geddes awards John D. Huber the Heinz Eulau Award.

Syracuse University, the William Anderson Award in the field of state and local politics, federalism or inter-governmental relations, David Mayhew of Yale University dissertation chair; Andrew Koppelman, Princeton University, the Edward S. Corwin Award in the field of public law, Bruce Ackerman of Yale University dissertation chair; Scott Sigmund Gartner, University of Michigan, and Mark C. Rom, University of Wisconsin-Madison, the Harold D. Lasswell Award in the field of policy studies, Robert Axelrod and Kenneth N. Waltz dissertation chairs respectively; David King, Harvard University, the E. E. Schattschneider Award in the field of American government and politics, Richard Hall and John Kingdon of the University

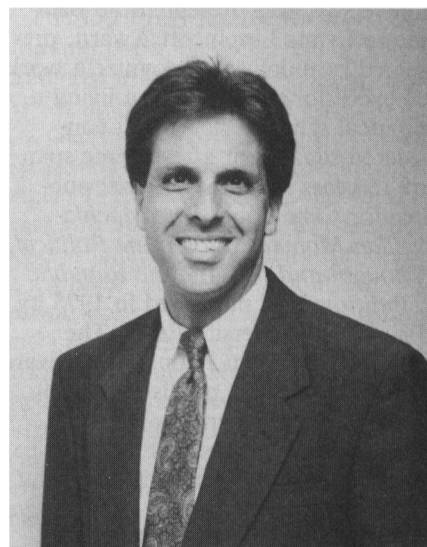
of Michigan dissertation chairs; James Anthony Falk, University of Georgia, the Leonard D. White Award in the field of public administration, Jerome S. Legge, Jr., University of Georgia dissertation chair.

John D. Huber, University of Michigan, was the recipient of the Heinz Eulau Award for the best article published in *The American Political Science Review* during 1991. George Tsebelis, University of California, Los Angeles, was presented the Franklin L. Burdette Pi Sigma Alpha Award for the best paper presented at the 1992 Annual Meeting.

Book Award winners included Rodney E. Hero, University of Colorado, Boulder, who won the Ralph



Virginia Sapiro (L) receives the Victoria Schuck Award from Roberta Sigel (R).



Rodney Hero, the 1993 Ralph Bunche Award winner.



Grant D. Reeher receives the William Anderson Award from Susan Clarke.

J. Bunche Award for the best scholarly work published in 1992 which explores the phenomenon of ethnic and cultural pluralism for his *Latinos and the U.S. Political System: Two-Tiered Pluralism*, published by Temple University Press. Robert F. Durant, University of Baltimore, was presented the Gladys M. Kammerer Award for the best publication in 1992 in the field of U.S. national policy for the book *The Administrative Presidency Revisited: Public Lands, the BLM, and the Reagan Revolution*, published by the State University of New York Press. The Victoria Schuck Award for the best book published in 1992 on women and politics was presented to Virginia Sapiro, University of Madison-Wisconsin, for *A Vindication of Political Virtue: The Political Theory of Mary Wollstonecraft*, published by the University of Chicago Press. J. G. A. Pocock, Johns Hopkins University, was presented the Benjamin Evans Lippincott Award, presented biennially to recognize a work of exceptional quality by a living political theorist that is still considered significant after a time span of 15 years since the original publication. The book, *The Machiavellian Moment: Florentine Political Thought and the Atlantic Republic Tradition*, was published in 1975 by Princeton University Press. The Woodrow Wilson Foundation Award for the best book published during 1992 on government, politics or international affairs was awarded to Theda Skocpol, Harvard University, for her book, *Protecting Soldiers and Mothers: The Political Origins of Social Policy in the United States*, published by Belknap Press of Harvard University Press.

Francis E. Rourke, Johns Hopkins University, was this year's John Gaus Distinguished Lecturer, honoring the recipient's lifetime of exemplary scholarship in the joint tradition of political science and public administration and, more generally, to encourage scholarship in public administration.

Richard E. Neustadt of Harvard University was the recipient of the Hubert H. Humphrey Award for notable service by a political scientist. Nina Totenberg of National Public Radio was presented the Carey McWilliams Award, which honors a major journalistic contribution to our understanding of politics.

The James Madison Award, presented triennially to honor an American political scientist who has made a distinguished scholarly contribution to political science and designed to recognize a career of scholarly excellence rather than a particular piece of scholarship, was presented to Sidney Verba, Harvard University.

Participation by Women in the 1993 APSA Meeting

Martin Gruberg
University of Wisconsin-Oshkosh

This is the twenty-second year that I have been monitoring participation by women at our annual meeting. These *PS* reports have documented the ascent of women in our profession. It is appropriate that a program with a theme of political identity produced the best gender participation balance to date. Even the late afternoon guest lectureships (Pi Sigma Alpha, James Madison, John Gaus, etc.) had as many spotlighted women as illustrious men.

Year	Total	Women	%
CHAIRPERSONS			
1971	154	12	7.8
1981	137	16	11.7
1991	439	107	24.4
1992	463	106	22.9
1993	452	115	25.4
PAPER GIVERS			
1971	552	43	7.8
1981	520	98	18.8
1991	1,940	512	26.4
1992	1,986	445	22.5
1993	2,053	525	25.6

DISCUSSANTS

1971	184	13	7.1
1981	161	28	17.4
1991	455	120	26.4
1992	568	118	20.8
1993	521	152	29.2

As I've noted previously, where women head sections or panels, there is a greater likelihood of other women being selected for program contributions. In 1993 18 of the 48 section persons were women (37.5%). The sections they headed had women as 28.9% (52 of 180) of the chairpersons, 54.6% (440 of 806) of the papergivers, and 36.3% (69 of 190) of the discussants. (That Paula McClain was Program Co-chair for 1993, no doubt, contributed to a good showing of female scholars.)

The convention sections led by women had 45.2% of the convention's female panel chairs, 83.8% of the paper givers, and 45.4% of its discussants. Women-chaired panels had 32.4% female paper givers and 53.9% female discussants. These constituted 30.1% of the women giving papers at the 1993 convention and 53.9% of the women serving as discussants.

The sections with the strongest female representation were those on Normative Political Theory, Law and Courts, Women and Politics, Politics and History, Communist Regimes, Politics and Society in Western Europe, Politics and Life Sciences, a New Political Science, and Internships and Experiential Education.

The sections with the weakest female representation in 1993 were those on Formal Political Theory, Political Methodology, Federalism and Intergovernmental Relations, Political Economy, Politics of Developing Areas, International Security and Arms Control, International Political Economy, Foreign Policy Analysis, Conflict Processes, Religion and Politics, Computers and Multimedia, and the Politics of Change.

Among the lopsidedly stag panels were those on Issues in Macropartisanship, Roundtable on the State of Political Methodology: Looking Back on Acher, King, and Bartels and Brady, Roundtable: Is the Presidency Still Organized to Fight the Cold War, On Becoming a Professional Campaigner, Exploring Relations