

Malingering in Mental Defectives.
Criminal Defectives.
General Principles of Treatment and Training.
Care of "Cot" Cases.
Routine Training of Children and Adults in Matters of Personal and Domestic Hygiene.
Sense, Speech and Scholastic Training.
Vocational Training.
Physical and Rhythmic Training.
Games.
Baden-Powell's Methods.
Moral and Social Training.
Legal and Social Aspects of Work for Mental Defectives.
 A suggested Schedule of Practical Instruction follows.

OBITUARY.⁽¹⁾

THE LATE SIR FREDERICK MOTT, *K.B.E.*, *F.R.S.*

LADY MOTT and her daughters are most grateful for the generous messages of sympathy which they have received from their many friends. They treasure these expressions of love and devotion to Sir Frederick, and are much consoled in the loss of a beloved husband and father by the knowledge that his life-work was so greatly appreciated by his colleagues.

DONALD FRASER, *M.D.*, *F.R.F.P.&S.Glas.*,

Consultant Physician to the Riccarton Mental Hospital and the Royal Alexandra Infirmary, Paisley. Ordinary Member since 1881.

In the death, on May 19, of Dr. Donald Fraser, at the age of 85, the Association has lost one of its oldest members, he having joined in the year 1881. Dr. Fraser graduated *M.B.* in 1867 and *M.D.* in 1870 at Glasgow University, where he was a student under Lister. His interest in mental diseases began as early as 1866, when he acted as clinical assistant to Dr. (later Professor) McIntosh, at Perth District Asylum, Murthly. Subsequently he built up a large practice during the course of fifty years in the town of Paisley and was Visiting Physician to the Paisley Mental Hospital at Riccarton, where he attended daily, and latterly as Consultant Physician he had visited regularly to within a few days of his illness. He retired from general practice twenty-three years ago—to reside in Glasgow as a consultant in mental and nervous diseases.

In 1875 Dr. Fraser became a Fellow of the Royal Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons (Glasgow) and was also an examiner in medicine in Glasgow University. Since 1885 he had been a member of the staff of the Royal Alexandra Infirmary, Paisley, being Honorary Consultant Physician at the time of his death. He was interested in epidemiology, and took a very active part in the campaign against consumption. Among his published writings are "Spanish Asylums" (1878), "A Sketch of the Care and Treatment of the Insane in Paisley" (1896), "Hysteria as a Psychosis" (1897), being his Presidential Address to the Glasgow Pathological and Clinical Society in that year, and "Aphasia" and "Porencephaly"—all contributed to the *Glasgow Medical Journal*. It is said of him that "as a physician he was trusted and beloved by rich and poor alike, on whom he expended his sympathy and skill without distinction." Another writer ascribes to him "a rich personality whose activities covered a wide field in medicine, in politics, in literature, in art and music, in agriculture and country life, in philosophy, theology and sociology."

His wife, who predeceased him fifteen years ago, was a sister of Prof. Joseph Coats, and he leaves five daughters—one being Dr. Kate Fraser, a Deputy-Commissioner of the General Board of Control for Scotland.

⁽¹⁾ An obituary notice and photograph of the late II Senatore Camillo Golgi has been postponed until January, 1927.