

SESSION 4: Massive galaxy assembly, and the effects of AGN and environment

The most distant quasars and their environments

Eduardo Bañados

Max Planck Institute for Astronomy, Germany

Abstract. The number of quasars known within the first billion years of the universe ($z > 6$) has increased significantly over the last five years. Many of these recently discovered quasars are ideal targets for observatories in the southern hemisphere such as ALMA. I will review the current status of the highest-redshift quasars and their environments, highlighting main achievements and limitations. I will then discuss how synergistic JWST/ALMA observations will shed light onto the properties and formation of some of the most extreme environments in the early universe.
