

Addendum

Impact of a Pharmacist-Managed Outpatient Parenteral Antimicrobial Therapy (OPAT) Service on Cost Savings and Clinical Outcomes at an Academic Medical Center – ADDENDUM

Taylor M. Epperson PharmD, BCPS¹, Kiya K. Bennett PharmD, BCPS², Katherine K. Kupiec PharmD, BCPS³, Kathy Speigel APRN-CNP⁴, Stephen B. Neely MPH², Beth H. Resman-Targoff PharmD, FCCP², Karen K. Kinney MD⁵ and Bryan P. White PharmD, BCPS, BCIDP^{3,5}

¹Department of Pharmacy, Parkland Health, Dallas, Texas, ²Clinical and Administrative Sciences, Department of Pharmacy, University of Oklahoma College of Pharmacy, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, ³Department of Pharmacy, University of Oklahoma Medical Center, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, ⁴Department of Nursing, University of Oklahoma Medical Center, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma and ⁵Infectious Diseases Section, Department of Internal Medicine, University of Oklahoma College of Medicine, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

DOI: [10.1017/ash.2022.374](https://doi.org/10.1017/ash.2022.374); first published online by Cambridge University Press 17 January 2023.

In the initial publication of this article¹, the following acknowledgements were omitted:

Jennifer Walling, PharmD, and Charles Whitman, PharmD, assisted in data collection.

The authors apologize for the omission.

Reference

1. Epperson TM, Bennett KK, Kupiec KK, *et al.* Impact of a Pharmacist-Managed Outpatient Parenteral Antimicrobial Therapy (OPAT) Service on Cost Savings and Clinical Outcomes at an Academic Medical Center. *Antimicrob Steward Healthc Epidemiol.* 2023;3(1):e15. doi: [10.1017/ash.2022.374](https://doi.org/10.1017/ash.2022.374)

Cite this article: Epperson TM, Bennett KK, Kupiec KK, *et al.* Impact of a Pharmacist-Managed Outpatient Parenteral Antimicrobial Therapy (OPAT) Service on Cost Savings and Clinical Outcomes at an Academic Medical Center – ADDENDUM. *Antimicrob Steward Healthc Epidemiol* 2023. doi: [10.1017/ash.2023.524](https://doi.org/10.1017/ash.2023.524)

© The Author(s), 2023. Published by Cambridge University Press on behalf of The Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America. This is an Open Access article, distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution licence (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>), which permits unrestricted re-use, distribution and reproduction, provided the original article is properly cited.