

the nation's capital which might contribute to the enrichment of political science teaching and research. Co-directors of the Institute were Lowell H. Hatery and James J. Robbins, both of the American University.

OTHER ACTIVITIES

The Public Administration Clearing House announced in February the opening of an office in New York City, the principal purpose of which will be to serve the expanded program of the Clearing House in international administration. The office is under the supervision of Rowland Egger, associate director, and is located at 45 East 65th Street, New York 21, New York.

A mansion donated to the University of Pennsylvania by the late Samuel S. Fels was recently designated as the Fels Center of Local and State Government. Adjacent to the University campus, the Center will house the research, consulting and teaching activities of the Institute of Local and State Government of the University, and will also serve as conference headquarters for public officials.

A field investigation of university and college courses in which students are trained for active participation in politics was begun early in 1951 by the Citizenship Clearing House, an affiliate of the Law Center of New York University. The investigation, made possible by a grant from the Maurice and Laura Falk Foundation of Pittsburgh, is expected to lead to the preparation of a syllabus for introductory courses in American government. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Reed, of Wethersfield, Connecticut, are conducting the investigation for the Citizenship Clearing House.

A course entitled "Administration and Management in the Federal Government," and consisting of a series of lectures by federal officials, was offered by the School of Public Administration of Florida State University during the spring semester of 1951. Federal officials serving as lecturers in the course were: W. Brooke Graves, chief, Government Section, Legislative Reference Service, Library of Congress; Francis P. Brassor, chief of administrative services, Civil Service Commission; William R. Divine, chief of management appraisal group, Bureau of the Budget; Henry F. Hubbard, executive vice-chairman, Federal Personnel Council; O. Glenn Stahl, director of personnel, Federal Security Agency; J. Otis Garber, chief of field service, Bureau of the Budget; Arthur J. Waterman, Jr., training officer, Foreign Service Institute, Department of State; and John D. Young, assistant to the administrator, Civil Defense Administration.

At the request of Governor Walter Kohler of Wisconsin, the Bureau of Government in the Extension Division of the state university has arranged for visitors with combined government experience and academic interests to discuss basic questions of public administration before staff meetings of state officials. Visitors who have appeared before the staff meetings include James C. Charlesworth, assistant director of the Institute of Local and State Government of the University of Pennsylvania, who led a discussion on budgeting; Dean Paul H.

Appleby of the Maxwell School of Citizenship and Public Affairs of Syracuse University, who discussed top-level management; and Morse Salisbury, director, Public and Technical Information Service, United States Atomic Energy Commission, who spoke on public reporting.

During January and February, 1951, Vanderbilt University sponsored a series of lectures by visiting political scientists as part of its seventy-fifth anniversary observance. The visiting political scientists and the topics on which they lectured were: Charles Fairman of Leland Stanford University, "Current Trends in Constitutional Law"; Hans J. Morgenthau of the University of Chicago, "The Dilemmas of American Foreign Policy"; John Gange of the University of Virginia, "Is Peace Still Possible?"; Robert E. Cushman of Cornell University, "The Effects of the Cold War on Our Civil Liberties"; Edgar S. Furniss, Jr., of Princeton University, "Are We Losing the Battle for Men's Minds?"; Clarence A. Berdahl of the University of Illinois, "The Leadership of the United States in the United Nations"; Taylor Cole of Duke University, "The Democratization of Western Germany"; Robert J. Harris of Louisiana State University, "The Changing Character of American Federalism"; and Norman D. Palmer of the University of Pennsylvania, "The United States and the Revolution in Asia." The series of lectures was made possible by a special grant to Vanderbilt University from the General Education Board of New York City.

Marshall E. Dimock delivered the annual lectures in public administration at the University of Alabama, November 6-10, 1950. The title of the 1950 series of lectures was "Free Enterprise and the Administrative State."

Harold D. Lasswell of Yale University delivered the second of a series of lectures relating to the Soviet Union and the United States at Emory University on January 30, 1951. The title of the lecture was "Force and Persuasion in the Strategy of the West."

Hans Kelsen of the University of California (Berkeley) delivered a lecture on "Recent Trends in the Law of the United Nations" at the University of Utah on February 7, 1951. The lecture was sponsored by the Institute of Government of the University of Utah and by the local chapter of Pi Sigma Alpha.

James J. Robbins, professor of political science at the American University, was recently decorated by the Swedish Government with the Order of the Polar Star with the rank of Knight. The citation accompanying the presentation referred to Professor Robbins' book, *The Government and Labor Relations in Sweden*, and to his activities in promoting international cultural relations between Sweden and the United States.

APPOINTMENTS AND STAFF CHANGES

Robert T. Bower, formerly associated with the Bureau of Applied Social Research at Columbia University, has been appointed director of the Bureau of Social Science Research of the American University.